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14	UNITED STATES BA	NKRUPTCY COURT
15	DISTRICT C	F OREGON
16	In re	Case No. 19-60138-pcm11
17	B. & J. Property Investments, Inc.,	
18	Debtor.	
19	T.,	C N- 10 (0220 mm11
20	In re	Case No. 19-60230-pcm11
21	William J. Berman,	DEBTORS' <u>AMENDED</u> JOINT DISCLOSURE STATEMENT
22	Debtor	( <del>JULY 15</del> <u>OCTOBER 8</u> , 2019)
23		
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DEE	TORS' <u>AMENDED</u> JOINT DISCLOSURE STA	TEMENT (JULY 15 OCTOBER 8, 2019)

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### I. INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY

### A. INTRODUCTION

On January 17, 2019 (the "B. & J. Petition Date"), B. & J. Property Investments, Inc. ("B & J," or the "Company") filed a voluntary petition under Chapter 11 of Title 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code (the "Bankruptcy Code"). On January 28, 2019 (the "Berman Petition Date"), William J. Berman ("Berman") filed a voluntary petition under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. On July 15, 2019, the Company and Berman (collectively, "Debtors") filed this Disclosure Statement (the "Disclosure Statement") with the U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the District of Oregon (the "Bankruptcy Court") and their Joint Plan of Reorganization (the "Plan"). A copy of the Plan is included herewith.

This Disclosure Statement is being provided to you by Debtors to enable you to make an informed judgment about the Plan. This Disclosure Statement has been prepared to disclose information that in Debtors' opinion is material, important, and helpful to evaluate the Plan. Among other things, this Disclosure Statement describes the manner in which Claims and Equity Securities will be treated. This Disclosure Statement summarizes the Plan, explains how the Plan will be implemented, outlines the risks of and alternatives to the Plan, and outlines the procedures involved in confirmation of the Plan. The description of the Plan contained in this Disclosure Statement is intended as a summary only and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Plan itself. If any inconsistency exists between the Plan and this Disclosure Statement, the terms of the Plan shall control. You are urged to review the Plan and, if applicable, consult with your own counsel about the Plan and its impact on your legal rights before voting on the Plan.

Capitalized terms used but not defined in this Disclosure Statement shall have the meanings assigned to such terms in the Plan or the Bankruptcy Code. Factual information contained in this Disclosure Statement is the representation of Debtors only and not of their attorneys, consultants, or accountants. The information has been obtained from the books

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demonstrate the feasibility of the Plan of Reorganization and Debtors' ability to continue operations upon emergence from proceedings under the Bankruptcy Code. Debtors prepared such information for the limited purpose of furnishing information to Creditors to allow them to make an informed judgment regarding acceptance of the Plan of Reorganization. The projections and estimates of value should not be regarded for the purpose of this Disclosure Statement as representations or warranties by Debtors as to the accuracy of such information or that any such projections or valuations will be realized. Actual results could vary significantly from these projections.

### B. SUMMARY OF THE PLAN

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A copy of the Plan is attached and discussed in detail later in this Disclosure

Statement. The following description of the Plan is intended as a summary only and is
qualified in its entirety by reference to the Plan. Debtors urge each holder of a Claim to
carefully review the entire Plan, together with this Disclosure Statement, before voting on the
Plan.

### 1. General

Generally, the Plan provides that (a) Debtors will operate in the ordinary course and pay and satisfy their obligations from revenue generated by operations; and (b) Debtors shall seek to prevail on the appeal in the Class Action Case so they may pay all Creditors in full

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over time; or (c) if Debtors are unable to prevail, or at least substantially prevail on the appeal, (i) B. & J. will & J. will pursue its malpractice claim against Saalfeld Griggs and if insufficient funds are recovered, B. & J. will then seek to refinance or sell the Real Property and liquidate its assets, with the Net Proceeds to be distributed pro rata to Unsecured Creditors; and (ii) Berman will distribute to unsecured creditors all the projected disposable income he believes he will receive during the five-year period after the Effective Date.

### 2. Secured Creditors

Reorganized B. & J.'s secured Creditor, Columbia Credit Union ("Columbia"), will be paid the full amount of its Allowed Secured Claim in accordance with the existing terms of its loan to B. & J., except as modified under the Plan with respect to certain loan terms and covenants set forth in the Plan. The payments to Columbia will be approximately \$14,080 per month.

Reorganized Berman's secured Creditor, Quicken Loans, Inc. ("Quicken Loans"), will be paid the full amount of its Allowed Secured Claim in accordance with the existing terms of its loan to Berman. Berman's payments to Quicken Loans will be approximately \$2,852 per month.

### 3. General Unsecured Creditors

Reorganized B. If B. & J. prevails on the appeal of the Class Action Case, B. & J.'s General Unsecured Creditors will be paid in full, together with interest at the federal judgment rate in effect on the Effective Date, from and after the Effective Date, as follows:

Commencing. If B. & J. does not prevail on the first dayappeal of the first month following the Effective Date, Class Action Case, and there are insufficient funds from a refinancing or liquidation of the malpractice claims, then General Unsecured Creditors will be paid interest only forpro rata from the sale and liquidation of B. & J.'s assets on a pro rata basis with the first 12 payments, then the full balance of their claims in equal amortizing monthly

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36 monthsClass Action Claims.

payments, including principal and interest at the federal judgment rate, for the next

To the extent not paid by B. & J., Reorganized Berman's General Unsecured Creditors and Class Action Creditors (discussed below) shall be paid their pro rata share of \$60,000, which is Berman's projected disposable income for the five-year period following the Effective Date. See **Exhibit 3**, attached hereto.

### 4. Class Action Creditors

Certain Creditors in the Marion County Case (the "Class Action Claims") were awarded a General Judgment in the total amount of \$4,864,951 against Debtors on October 31, 2018, which Debtors have appealed. If the Class If the Class Action Claims are denied on appeal, they will receive nothing. If the Class Action Claims are allowed and prevail on appeal, then such Allowed Claims will be paid in full if B. & J. has sufficient funds to do so once the appeals have concluded, or B. & J. will liquidate its assets and pay the Class Action Creditors pro rata from the Net Proceeds of the liquidation. If Class Action Creditors from available funds. B. & J. plans to file an adversary proceeding under 11 USC § 547 avoiding the judgment lien obtained by the Class Action Claimants as a bankruptcy preference. If the B. & J. preference claim is successful, the Class Action Claims will be Unsecured Claims even if Allowed. If the preference claim is not successful and the Class Action plaintiffs prevail on the appeal, they would have a Secured Claim against the Real Property up to the value of the Real Property in excess of prior liens. If Class Action Claims are paid in full and entitled to interest, they shall receive interest at the federal judgment rate. To the extent the Allowed Class Action Creditors are not paid in full by B. & J., they shall receive payment from Berman in the amount of their pro rata share of \$60,000.

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DEBTORS' <u>AMENDED</u> JOINT DISCLOSURE STATEMENT (<del>JULY 15</del>

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1	equitable, or contractual rights of the holder of such claim or interest are altered. A holder of
2	an impaired claim or interest is entitled to vote to accept or reject the plan. Chapter 11 does
3	not require all holders of claims and interests to vote in favor of a plan in order for the
4	Bankruptcy Court to confirm it. However, the Bankruptcy Court must find that the plan
5	meets a number of statutory tests before it may approve the plan. These tests are designed to
6	protect the interests of holders of claims or interests who do not vote to accept the plan, but
7	who will nonetheless be bound by the plan's provisions if it is confirmed by the Bankruptcy
8	Court.
9	An Unsecured Creditors' Committee was not appointed by the U.S. Trustee's office
10	in this case pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 1102(a) and (b).
11	II. VOTING PROCEDURES AND CONFIRMATION OF PLAN
12	A. BALLOTS AND VOTING DEADLINE
13	A ballot to be used for voting to accept or reject the Plan is enclosed with each copy
14	of this Disclosure Statement. After carefully reviewing this Disclosure Statement and its
15	exhibits, including the Plan, please indicate your acceptance or rejection of the Plan by
16	voting in favor or against the Plan on the enclosed ballot as directed below.
17	The Bankruptcy Court has directed that, to be counted for voting purposes, ballots for
18	the acceptance or rejection of the Plan must be <u>received</u> by Debtors no later than 4:00 p.m.
19	Pacific time on, 2019 at the following address:
20	Tonkon Torp LLP
21	Attention: Spencer Fisher 1600 Pioneer Tower
22	888 SW Fifth Avenue Portland, OR 97204-2099
23	or via facsimile transmission to Spencer Fisher at (503) 972-3867.
24	Holders of each Claim scheduled by Debtors or with respect to which a Proof of
25	Claim has been filed will receive ballots and are permitted to vote based on the amount of the
26	Proof of Claim, except as discussed below. If no Proof of Claim has been filed, then the vote
Page	<b>7 of 41</b> - DEBTORS' <u>AMENDED</u> JOINT DISCLOSURE STATEMENT ( <del>JULY 15</del> OCTOBER 8, 2019)

1 will be based on the amount scheduled by Debtors in their Schedules. The Bankruptcy Code 2 provides that such votes will be counted unless the Claim has been disputed, disallowed, disqualified, or suspended prior to computation of the vote on the Plan. A Claim to which an 3 objection has been filed is not allowed to vote unless and until the Bankruptcy Court rules on 4 5 the objection. Holders of disputed Claims who have settled their dispute with Debtors are 6 entitled to vote the settled amount of their Claim. The Bankruptcy Code and rules provide 7 that the Bankruptcy Court may, if timely requested to do so by the holder of such Claim, 8 estimate or temporarily allow a disputed Claim for the purposes of voting on the Plan. 9 If a person holds Claims in more than one Class entitled to vote on the Plan, such 10 person will be entitled to complete and return a ballot for each Class. If you do not receive a 11 ballot or if a ballot is damaged or lost, please contact: 12 Tonkon Torp LLP Attention: Spencer Fisher 13 1600 Pioneer Tower 888 SW Fifth Avenue 14 Portland, OR 97204-2099 Telephone: (503) 802-2167 15 All persons entitled to vote on the Plan may cast their vote for or against the Plan by 16 17 completing, dating, and signing the enclosed ballot and returning it, by First Class mail or hand delivery, to Debtors at the address indicated above. In order to be counted, all ballots 18 19 must be executed and received at the above address no later than 4:00 p.m. Pacific time on 20 \_, 2019. Any ballots received after 4:00 p.m. Pacific time on \_\_\_\_, 2019 will not be included in any calculation to determine whether the 21 22 parties entitled to vote on the Plan have voted to accept or reject the Plan. Ballots may also be received by Debtors by facsimile transmission to Tonkon Torp 23 LLP, Attention: Spencer Fisher, at (503) 972-3867. Ballots sent by facsimile transmission 24

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will be counted if faxed to Mr. Fisher and received by 4:00 p.m. Pacific time on

\_, 2019.

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When a ballot is signed and returned without further instruction regarding acceptance or rejection of the Plan, the signed ballot shall be counted as a vote accepting the Plan. When a ballot is returned indicating acceptance or rejection of the Plan but is unsigned, the unsigned ballot will not be included in any calculation to determine whether parties entitled to vote on the Plan have voted to accept or reject the Plan. When a ballot is returned without indicating the amount of the Claim or an amount different from a timely filed Proof of Claim, then the amount shall be as set forth on Debtor's Schedules or any timely Proof of Claim filed with respect to such Claim or Order of the Bankruptcy Court.

### **B.** PARTIES ENTITLED TO VOTE

Pursuant to Section 1126 of the Bankruptcy Code, each Class of impaired Claims or Equity Security Holders that is not deemed to reject the Plan is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. Any holder of an Allowed Claim that is in an impaired Class under the Plan, and whose Class is not deemed to reject the Plan, is entitled to vote. A Class is "impaired" unless the legal, equitable, and contractual rights of the holders of Claims in that Class are left unaltered by the Plan or if the Plan reinstates the Claims held by members of such Class by  $(\frac{1}{2})$  curing any defaults;  $(\frac{2}{1})$  reinstating the maturity of such Claim; (3iii) compensating the holder of such Claim for damages that result from the reasonable reliance on any contractual provision or law that allows acceleration of such Claim; and (4<u>iv</u>) otherwise leaving unaltered any legal, equitable, or contractual right of which the Claim entitles the holder of such Claim. Because of their favorable treatment, Classes that are not impaired are conclusively presumed to accept the Plan. Accordingly, it is not necessary to solicit votes from the holders of Claims in Classes that are not impaired. Classes of Claims or Interests that will not receive or retain any money or property under a Plan on account of such Claims or Interests are deemed, as a matter of law under Section 1126(g) of the Bankruptcy Code, to have rejected the Plan and are likewise not entitled to vote on the Plan. All Classes of Claims are impaired under Debtors' Plan.

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## C. VOTES REQUIRED FOR CLASS ACCEPTANCE OF THE PLAN

As a condition to confirmation, the Bankruptcy Code requires that each impaired Class of Claims or Interests accept the Plan, subject to the exceptions described below in the section entitled "Cramdown of the Plan." In a "Cramdown," at least one impaired Class of Claims must accept the Plan in order for the Plan to be confirmed.

For a Class of Claims to accept the Plan, Section 1126 of the Bankruptcy Code requires acceptance by Creditors that hold at least two-thirds in dollar amount and a majority in number of the Allowed Claims of such Class, in both cases counting only those Claims actually voting to accept or reject the Plan. The holders of Claims who fail to vote are not counted as either accepting or rejecting the Plan. If the Plan is confirmed, the Plan will be binding with respect to all holders of Claims and Interests in each Class, including Classes and members of Classes that did not vote or that voted to reject the Plan.

### D. "CRAMDOWN" OF THE PLAN

If the Plan is not accepted by all of the impaired Classes of Claims and Interests of Debtors, the Plan may still be confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to Section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code's "Cramdown" provision if the Plan has been accepted by at least one Impaired Class of Claims, without counting the acceptances of any Insiders of Debtor, and the Bankruptcy Court determines, among other things, that the Plan "does not discriminate unfairly" and is "fair and equitable" with respect to each non-accepting Impaired Class of Claims or Interests. Debtors believe the Plan can be confirmed even if it is not accepted by all impaired Classes of Claims and hereby request the Bankruptcy Court to confirm the Plan in accordance with Section 1129(6) of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise modify the Plan in the event any Class of Creditors does not accept the Plan.

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### 1 Ε. **CONFIRMATION HEARING** 2 The Bankruptcy Court has scheduled a hearing on confirmation of the Plan to 3 commence on \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2019, at \_\_ a.m. Pacific time. The confirmation hearing will be held at the U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the District of Oregon, Courtroom \_\_\_\_\_, 1050 4 5 SW Sixth Avenue, Portland, Oregon, before the Honorable \_\_\_\_\_\_, United States Bankruptcy Judge. At the hearing, the Bankruptcy Court will consider whether the 6 7 Plan satisfies the various requirements of the Bankruptcy Code, including whether it is 8 feasible and whether it is in the best interests of the Creditors of Debtors. Prior to the 9 hearing, Debtors will submit a report to the Bankruptcy Court concerning the votes for 10 acceptance or rejection of the Plan by the persons entitled to vote thereon. 11 Section 1128(b) of the Bankruptcy Code provides that any party-in-interest may object to confirmation of the Plan. Any objections to confirmation of the Plan must be made 12 in writing and filed with the Bankruptcy Court and received by counsel for Debtors no later 13 than 4:00 p.m. Pacific time on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, 2019. Unless an objection to confirmation 14 15 is timely filed and received, it will not be considered by the Bankruptcy Court. COMPANY BACKGROUND AND GENERAL INFORMATION III. 16 A. **DEBTORS** 17 18 B. & J. is an Oregon corporation authorized to transact business in various jurisdictions, including the State of Oregon, and is headquartered in Oregon. 19 20 B. & J. is the owner of real estate located at 4490 Silverton Road, N.E., Salem, Oregon ("Premises"). On the Petition Date, the Premises were leased to Better Business 21 22 Management ("BBM"). BBM owned and operated an RV park and self-storage unit business 23 on the Premises entitled Salem RV park and Storage. The Premises consist of a 158-unit RV park and a 243-Unit, 29,750-square-foot (net rentable area) self-storage facility on a 24 25 9.06-acre parcel. A 6,758-square-foot general purpose building that includes an office, laundry facilities, restrooms with showers, and a recreation room is located on the Premises. 26 Page 11 of 41 - DEBTORS' <u>AMENDED</u> JOINT DISCLOSURE STATEMENT (<del>JULY 15</del> **OCTOBER 8**, 2019)

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The building also includes 17 upstairs storage units that have been included in the total count and rentable area.

Berman is an individual residing in the State of Oregon, and is the President and 50% shareholder of B. & J.

#### В. **DEBTORS' BUSINESS**

Prior to the Petition Date, B. & J. historically engaged in the real estate investment and development business. B. & J. was formed in the early 1990s and developed various projects, including the real property at 4490 Silverton Road. As part of its business plan to develop other properties and not operate an RV park, B. & J. entered into a Commercial Lease on or about January 30, 1997, leasing the Premises to BBM, which lease had been subsequently amended and extended at various times up to the Petition Date (collectively, the "BBM Lease"). Under the BBM Lease, BBM owned, operated, and maintained the RV park and self-storage facility and made lease payments to B. & J. When the Marion County Circuit Court entered a General Judgment against B. & J., BBM, and Berman on October 31, 2018 (see "Marion County Litigation" below), BBM became insolvent and unable to continue performance and was, therefore, in breach of the Lease. On the Petition Date, B. & J. sought Court authority to reject the BBM Lease and to change its business model to start operating an RV park and self-storage unit business. (See B. & J.'s Motion to Reject Commercial Lease and Authorize Use and Operation of Property as RV park and Self-Storage Facility [ECF No. 7]. The Court granted Debtor's motion on February 13, 2019 [ECF No. 104].1

Prior to filing the Bankruptcy Cases, Berman's principal business was operating B. & J. and BBM, and other real estate-centered entities. Berman intends to continue

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Unless otherwise specified, all references to docket entry numbers refer to B. & J.'s case, Bankruptcy Case No. 19-60138-pcm11.

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entities in which he has been involved in the past.

### C. MANAGEMENT OF B. & J.

operating B. & J. under its new business model, and also intends to operate the other business

B. & J. is an Oregon corporation owned 50% by William J. Berman and 50% by

Debra Lynn Berman. Mr. Berman is the president of Debtor and Ms. Berman is the

experience and 26 years of experience in the RV park and storage rental business.

secretary. Together they have over 25 years of real estate development and investment

Reorganized B. & J. will consist of the same owners and management as currently exists.

Although B. & J. employs additional employees to maintain and repair its property in the

themselves, in addition to their management duties, saving B. & J. considerable expense and

On or about April 12, 2013, Loren Hathaway, on behalf of himself and all others

similarly situated within the State of Oregon, et. al, commenced a class action case against

Debtor, BBM, and Berman in the Circuit Court for the State of Oregon for the County of

Marion as Case No. 13C14321 ("Marion County Case"). Plaintiffs in the Marion County

tenants at the RV park and later for rent retaliation. Plaintiffs obtained an order against

the RV park never made any money on the utility charges. The liability was based on a

Case asserted claims for relief based on the manner in which BBM charged utility services to

BBM, the owner and operator of the Salem RV park, for approximately \$4 million dollars for

improper utility charges. The court entered a judgment against BBM in spite of the fact that

statutory construction of how kilowatt hours were charged to tenants and for charging a fixed

enhancing the value of B. & J.'s property. All B. & J. employees are at-will employees.

ordinary course, Mr. and Ms. Berman perform much of the maintenance and repairs

There are no retiree benefits to be paid by Reorganized Debtor employees.

MARION COUNTY LITIGATION

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meter fee.

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# Tonkon Torp LLP

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The fact that the tenants actually paid less for the utility services (at the commercial rate) than they would have paid had they been charged the full residential utility rate was deemed immaterial. The court imposed damages equal to two times the tenants' monthly rental rate for each month of the tenant's occupancy. When BBM tried to adjust its rates in a revenue neutral manner to comport with the court's ruling, plaintiffs' demand, and in accordance with the advice of its counsel, Saalfeld Griggs, BBM was then hit with a retaliation claim for which it was also found liable in the sum of approximately \$1 million. Once plaintiffs obtained liability against BBM, plaintiffs sought to impose liability on B. & J. as the owner of the property, and against Berman individually under piercing theories. The state court ruled that Berman and B. & J. were also liable for all of the damages owed by BBM. The court entered a General Judgment against B. & J., BBM, and Berman on October 31, 2018, in the sum of \$3,900,501 on the electrical charge claims to the Main Class members, plus \$964,450 to the Retaliation Sub-Class members. Plaintiffs have submitted their claim for attorneys' fees and costs to the Court pursuant to ORCP 68. The Court has issued an opinion granting Plaintiffs' attorneys' fees, but further proceedings are necessary to determine the final amount, and for entry of an order and judgment. Defendants BBM, Berman, and B. & J. have filed an appeal of the initial judgment and will appeal the attorney fees award. Debtors expect to prevail, or at least substantially prevail, on appeal.

### E. ELECTRICAL BILLING AT THE RV PARK

Salem R.V. Park was planned and developed by Eugene Jones (Ms. Berman's father) and was opened in 1991. During planning and development of the park, Mr. Jones met and coordinated with the various municipalities and utilities. Mr. Jones met with Portland General Electric to design an electric grid for the park's 124, and later 158, individually-metered sites, and to provide guidance as to an electrical billing system that was legal and equitable. Despite Mr. Jones' desire to have a residential electrical meter at each and every

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individual site (providing an exact kilowatt usage and billing per site), PGE determined that only 16 PGE <u>commercial</u> meters would be installed on the property.

This forced the park operator to act as a middleman for electrical billing by making them the responsible party for determining the gross power consumption of each individual tenant. In the spirit of fairness, Mr. Jones placed a sub-meter at each of the sites, which allowed the park to accurately allocate power consumption to the individual sites and ensured that low power users would not subsidize high power users and that enabled all tenants to benefit from the much lower commercial rates.

With further guidance from PGE, this system of allocating power to each individual tenant site through a monthly sub-meter reading by the park operator was established and implemented with the understanding that while the park operator could not make a profit on electrical billing, it could charge a basic fee, or meter fee, not to exceed the basic charge billed by PGE. The billing system thus implemented charged a fixed KWH charge (commercial rates constantly fluctuate based on usage) and a meter fee of five dollars (at a time when PGE's meter fee was seven). This arrangement caused BBM to lose roughly four thousand dollars annually on electrical billing, effectively subsidizing its tenants' electrical costs.

In 1993, Berman began to manage the Park alongside Mr. Jones, with the electric billing systems Mr. Jones developed. When BBM took over park operations, Berman (as an officer of BBM) audited all business practices, including electrical billing, and confirmed that the electrical billing practices, calculations, and allocation of the 16 PGE meters to the individual sites was proper and legal according to the parameters of several governing agencies, including the Public Utility Commission, Oregon Housing and Community Services (aka Oregon MultiFamily), and PGE. BBM, therefore, continued operation of the RV park with the electrical billing practices originally implemented by Mr. Jones.

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Over the follow 20 years, these billing practices were reconfirmed several times to ensure that laws were being followed, including when all Oregon RV parks came under landlord-tenant law, and after the Marion County lawsuit was filed. Every audit during these 20-plus years of operation, and all government agencies (the Public Utility Commission, Oregon Housing and Community Services, and PGE) confirmed that BBM's electrical billing system was best practice and legal. To this day, neither BBM nor either of Debtors have ever made a dollar in profit from this electrical billing arrangement for tenants, a fact not disputed by plaintiff's counsel in the Marion County Case, who stated in open court that "we have no reason to believe Salem RV park has ever made money on utilities."

Despite the fact that only the word "Cost" and never the term "kWh" is used in ORTLA, and most importantly, despite the fact that no tenant has ever paid more than what PGE would have billed them individually, the Marion County Court ruled that because of BBM's kilowatt hour charging structure, BBM was in violation of the law.

On July 29, 2013, under the advice of its legal counsel, Saalfeld Griggs PC, BBM implemented changes to its electrical billing practices in an effort to mitigate damages by complying with the demands of the lawsuit. BBM implemented the following billing changes: (1) the meter fee was removed, (2) the kWh charge was reduced and now varies monthly, and (3) rents were raised \$20. These changes resulted in little to no increased gross revenue, but a gross loss on electrical billings of roughly \$15,000 annually. Rents were raised to partially offset some of these losses and because rents had not been raised at the RV park for a long time. However, as a result of the changes, plaintiffs amended the complaint and successfully sued the defendants for rent retaliation.

### IV. EVENTS LEADING TO THE BANKRUPTCY FILING

Debtors' bankruptcy filings were precipitated by the general judgment entered in the Marion County Case and by the accumulated financial losses related thereto. Debtors have

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insufficient funds with which to pay the judgment and attorney fees for both plaintiffs and itself. As a result, Debtors filed for Chapter 11 bankruptcy.

#### V. SIGNIFICANT POST-PETITION EVENTS

#### **CASH COLLATERAL** A.

Early in the case, B. & J. obtained consent from Columbia Credit Union and court approval to use cash collateral to pay ongoing Chapter 11 expenses. The Court entered an Order Authorizing the Use of Cash Collateral and Granting Adequate Protection on February 6, 2019 [ECF No. 96].

#### В. REJECTION OF COMMERCIAL LEASE

Upon filing the Chapter 11, B. & J. also obtained court approval to reject the Commercial Lease between B. & J. and BBM, and to authorize B. & J. to operate the property as an RV park and self-storage facility in the ordinary course of its business during this bankruptcy proceeding, as more fully described above ("B. & J.'s Business"). A detailed description of the rejected lease can be found at ECF No. 7 or by contacting counsel for B. & J.

Consistent with rent restrictions imposed by an as-then-impending Oregon law, which has now been enacted, B. & J. instituted a rent structure that would start to bring rental rates in line with current market rents while at the same time not increasing rents too much from the prior owner. B. & J. is also investing to make improvements and repairs to create a desirable park and storage operation. After court approval, B. & J. hired employees and commenced operations as the RV park and self-storage business entitled Salem Estates RV Park and Salem Estates Storage.

#### C. **RELIEF FROM STAY**

On or about May 15, 2019, B. & J. and Plaintiffs' Class Action counsel entered into a Stipulated Order Granting Limited Relief From Stay [ECF No. 166] ("Relief From Stay Order") whereby the parties agreed, and the Court ordered, that the state court proceeding

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could continue to its completion at the trial level, and then continue on to resolve any and all subsequent appeals; provided, however, that any further rulings would not constitute a lien on any of the B. & J. property or assets, and any payment of any amounts ultimately ruled to be due and owing would be governed by the Plan of Reorganization.

On or about June 21, 2019, Berman and Plaintiffs' Class Action counsel entered into a Stipulated Order Granting Limited Relief From Stay [ECF No. 70 (Berman Case)]<sup>2</sup> ("Berman Relief From Stay Order") whereby the parties agreed and the Court ordered that the state court proceeding could continue to its completion at the trial level, and then continue on to resolve any and all subsequent appeals; provided, however, that any further rulings would not constitute a lien on any of Berman's property or assets, and any payment of any amounts ultimately ruled to be due and owing would be governed by the Plan of Reorganization. Additionally, the parties agreed that the Class Action Plaintiffs' judgment lien would be promptly avoided pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 547.

### D. EMPLOYMENT OF PROFESSIONALS

B. & J. has retained Tonkon Torp LLP as its general counsel in this case. B. & J. also sought and obtained Bankruptcy Court approval for the employment of (a) Saalfeld Griggs PC as its special purpose counsel, and (b) Fischer, Hayes, Joye & Allen LLC as its accountants. B. & J. and Berman also expects to seek obtained an order authorizing the employment of Janet M. Schroer as special purpose counsel to represent them as appellate counsel forin the Class Action Case once such counsel is identified and retained.

Ms. Schroer will be paid by the Oregon State Bar Professional Liability Fund as repair counsel based on the malpractice claim asserted against Saalfeld Griggs by Debtors.

Berman has retained Motschenbacher & Blattner LLP as its general counsel in the Berman Bankruptcy Case, and as appellate counsel in the Class Action Case. Berman also

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Reference to documents in the "Berman Case" refer to docket entries in Bankruptcy Case No. 19-60230-pcm11.

sought and obtained Bankruptcy Court approval for the employment of Fischer, Hayes, Joye & Allen LLC as his accountant. Berman may seek authority to employ alternate appellate counsel for the Class Action Case if appropriate.

### VI. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

### A. ASSETS

### 1. B. & J.'s Real Property

As described above, B. & J.'s principal asset is the Real Property containing the 158-unit RV park and 243-unit self-storage facility on a 9.06-acre parcel both located at 4490 Silverton Road, N.E., Salem, Oregon. Debtors estimate that the value of the Real Property was approximately \$5,000,000 as of the B. & J. Petition Date.

As of the Petition Date, B. & J. held bare legal title to the Property and the RV Park and Storage business was operated by Better Business Management ("BBM"). BBM was in default under the lease with B. & J. and was insolvent as a result of the Class Action judgment entered against it. Thus, as of the Petition Date, B. & J. owned Property with an insolvent tenant that was in default. Such circumstances depressed the value of the Property. In addition, the Property had been underperforming given that BBM had been charging under-market rates. Further, the Property had significant amounts of deferred maintenance, which further depressed its value. Although a prior appraisal had valued the Property at one point at approximately \$6 million, B. & J.'s owner believes that appraisal was too high and given the present state of the Property as of the Petition Date, a \$5 million valuation was more accurate. In any event, the Property value is expected to increase under the Plan since B. & J. has taken possession of the Property and is now running an RV Park and Storage business that it expects will be able to generate sufficient revenue to make the needed repairs and improvements to increase the Property value during the life of the Plan. Moreover, if B. & J. is not able to generate sufficient funds to pay all Allowed Claims in full, then the

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Property will be liquidated. Upon liquidation, the value will be determined by the marketplace.

### 2. **Berman's Real Property**

Berman co-owns, with his wife, real property and a single family home in Salem, Oregon. Legal title to the home is held by the Berman Living Trust Dated October 21, 1997. Berman estimates that the total value of the residence was approximately \$568,060 as of the Berman Petition Date. Therefore, Berman estimates that the value of his 50% interest in the residence was approximately \$284,030 as of the Berman Petition Date.

#### **3. Personal Property**

As of the Petition Date, B. & J.'s hard assets consisted of a 2017 Chevy suburban and a 2001 New Holland tractor, as well as some miscellaneous office furniture and equipment with little market value. B. & J. had cash accounts as of the Petition Date in the total amount of \$114,209.26, and also had a receivable from Berman in the amount of \$61,000. This original amount was reduced prepetition by \$29,730, when B. & J. acquired Mr. and Ms. Berman's debt and collateral rights against BBM and its assets. After the Court order rejecting B. & J.'s lease with BBM, B. & J. acquired the personal property of BBM in satisfaction of that lien. The value of this additional property acquired postpetition is \$29,730.

B. & J. has a receivable from William Lloyd Developments, Inc. in the total face amount of \$1,837,322, of which \$937,322 is a doubtful or uncollectable amount. This receivable is further subject to reduction based on a debt of \$350,164 owed by B. & J. to William Lloyd Developments, Inc. A list of all of B. & J.'s assets can be found at Schedule A/B [ECF No. 89]. The collection of the full amount of the receivable from William Lloyd is doubtful since in the past 11 years William Lloyd has sold only one undeveloped lot. If payment were demanded immediately, the William Lloyd assets would

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pay B. & J. As of the Berman Petition Date, Berman's hard assets consisted of miscellaneous

need to be sold at depressed values resulting in a lower liquidation value and less funds to

household goods and furnishings Berman co-owns with his wife. Berman also had checking accounts worth \$35,937.53, and individual retirement accounts that Berman has claimed as fully exempt. Berman also owns stock or membership interests in the following entities: (a) 50% of the outstanding stock of B. & J., (b) 50% of the outstanding stock of BBM, (c) 28% of the outstanding stock of William Lloyd Investments, Inc., and (d) 20% of the outstanding membership interest in B. & J. Investments LLC. Berman is also owed \$107,690.33, including interest, in relation to a loan that he and his wife made to William <u>Lloyd Investments, Inc.</u> A list of Berman's assets can be found in Berman's Amended Schedule A/B [ECF No. 44 (Berman Case)].

B. & J. is also owed reimbursement from BBM for legal fees (\$302,603.25 paid and \$293,354 unpaid) incurred in the Marion County Case and owed under an indemnity clause in BBM's Lease with B. & J. — B. & J. does not expect to collect this amount as BBM is now out of business and has no assets.

Debtors also have potential malpractice claims against Saalfeld Griggs LLP for legal advice that resulted in the Class Action retaliation liability claim of \$964,450, plus attorney fees to be awarded, and legal advice that resulted in disregard of corporate status that resulted in the class action judgment liability of \$4,864,951 (which includes the retaliation liability claim of \$964,450), plus attorney fees to be awarded. Debtors have made demand on Saalfeld Griggs for these claims and isare negotiating a tolling agreement. Debtors dispute their liability to the Class Action Creditors but if such liability is upheld on appeal, Debtors believe they have valid claims against Saalfeld Griggs since Debtors relied upon and followed Saalfeld Grigg's Griggs' advice in conducting its business in the manner in which the state court found to result in the retaliation liability and the successor liability of both

**Pa**o Debtors. Debtors intend to file an objection to Saalfeld Griggs' prepetition Claim and, as a result, expect that no payments will be made on that Claim pending the conclusion of the Class Action appeals and resolution of any malpractice claims against Saafeld Griggs.

Berman may also have a claim against his minor grandchildren, for gifts made to those minors' college savings funds. Berman and his wife jointly contributed \$21,740.57, half of which was from Berman. As a result, Berman's potential claim equals \$10,870.29, which has been included in Berman's liquidation analysis attached as Exhibit 3.

### B. LIABILITIES

### 1. Columbia Credit Union

According to the proof of claim filed by Columbia Credit Union, the amount of debt owing to Columbia Credit Union as of the Petition Date is \$2,225,037.38 in principal, plus accrued interest in the amount of \$918.05, and \$3,412.50 in prepetition attorney fees and costs. To secure its obligations, on September 11, 2015, B. & J. granted Columbia Credit Union a security interest in the Real Property located at 4490 Silverton Road NE, Salem, Oregon. Additionally, Berman executed and delivered a personal guaranty. A copy of Columbia Credit Union's Deed of Trust and the Berman Guaranty are attached to its Proof of Claim [Claim 3 (B. &. J. Case)].

### 2. Marion County Case Claim

A General Judgment was entered against Debtor, BBM, and Mr. Berman on October 31, 2018, in the sum of \$3,900,501 on the electrical charge claims to the Main Class members, plus \$964,450 to the Retaliation Sub-Class members. In addition, plaintiffs have requested attorney fees of \$1,100,000 and costs of \$52,378.39. Debtors expect they will prevail in the appeal of the Marion County Case, and that as a result all creditors except the Class Action Claim plaintiffs will be paid in full. If Debtors do not prevail in the appeal of the Marion County Case, B. & J. may be forced to will pursue the malpractice claims

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its assets.

### 3. Unsecured and Class Action Creditors

The total amount of Unsecured Claims scheduled by B. & J. or filed by Creditors against B. & J. is approximately \$751,182.49 (excluding claims filed by the Class Action Creditors which were listed as disputed). The total filed claims against B. & J. is approximately \$7,845,738.24-including the Class Action Claims. This amount excludes any duplication for scheduled and filed claims and does not include anticipated costs and attorney fees to be awarded to the Class Action Plaintiffs in the Class Action Case.

against Saalfeld Griggs and if sufficient recovery is not made therefrom, will then liquidate

The total amount of Unsecured Claims scheduled by Berman or filed by Creditors against Berman is approximately \$355,785.49 (excluding the Columbia Guaranty Claim, which is to be paid by B. & J., and claims filed by the Class Action Creditors which were listed as disputed). The total amount of filed claims against Berman is approximately \$7,763,541.53. This amount excludes any duplication for scheduled and filed claims.

### VII. DESCRIPTION OF PLAN

### A. BRIEF EXPLANATION OF CHAPTER 11

Chapter 11 is the principal business reorganization chapter of the Bankruptcy Code.

Under Chapter 11, a debtor is authorized to reorganize its business for the benefit of itself, its creditors, and its equity holders. Confirmation of a plan of reorganization is the principal objective of a Chapter 11 reorganization case. A plan of reorganization sets forth the means for satisfying claims against, and interests in, a debtor. Confirmation of a plan of reorganization by a bankruptcy court makes the plan binding upon the debtor, any issuer of securities under the plan, any person acquiring property under the plan, and any creditor and any equity holder of the debtor. Subject to certain limited exceptions provided by the Bankruptcy Code, and except as specifically provided in the Plan of Reorganization, the

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confirmation order discharges debtor from any debt that arose prior to the date of such confirmation and order and substitutes therefore the obligations specified in the plan.

### SOLICITATION, CLASSIFICATION, AND TREATMENT OF B. **CLAIMS AND EQUITY SECURITIES**

#### 1. General

Pursuant to Section 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, a Plan of Reorganization must designate classes of Claims and classes of Interests. The Plan classifies all Claims and Interests into four classes. The classification of Claims and Interests is made for the purpose of voting on the Plan and making distributions thereunder, and for ease of administration of the Plan. A Claim or Interest is classified in a particular Class only to the extent the Claim or Interest qualifies within the description of that Class, and is classified in a different Class to the extent the Claim or Interest qualifies within the description of such different Class. A Claim or Interest is entitled to vote in a particular Class and to receive distributions in such Class only to the extent such Claim or Interest is an Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest in that Class and has not been paid prior to the Effective Date. Under the Plan, a Claim or Interest is an Allowed Claim against, or an Allowed Interest in, Debtor to the extent that (a) a proof of the Claim or Interest was (1) timely filed, or (2) deemed filed under applicable law by reason of an order of the Bankruptcy Court; or (b) scheduled by Debtor on its Schedules of Liabilities as neither contingent, unliquidated, or disputed; and (c) (i) no party-in-interest has filed an objection within the time fixed by the Bankruptcy Court, (ii) the Claim or Interest is allowed by Final Order; or (iii) with respect to an application for compensation or reimbursement of an Administrative Expense Claim, the amount of the Administrative Expense Claim has been approved by the Bankruptcy Court.

#### 2. **Unclassified Claims**

Administrative Expense Claims and Priority Tax Claims are not classified. An Administrative Expense Claim is a Claim against Debtors constituting an expense of

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administration of the Bankruptcy Case allowed under Section 503(b) of the Bankruptcy Code including, without limitation, the actual and necessary costs and expenses of preserving the estate and operating Debtors' business during the Bankruptcy Case; claims for the value of goods received by Debtors within 20 days before the Petition Date sold in the ordinary course of business; any indebtedness or obligations incurred by Debtors during the pendency of the Bankruptcy Case in connection with the provision of goods or services to Debtors; compensation for legal and other professional services and reimbursement of expenses; and statutory fees payable to the U.S. Trustee.

A "Priority Tax Claim" is a Claim of a governmental unit of the kind entitled to priority under Section 507(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code or that would otherwise be entitled to priority but for the Secured status of the Claim. Each holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim shall be paid by Reorganized Debtors within 30 days following the Effective Date or the date the Claim is Allowed, whichever is sooner, the full amount of its Allowed Priority Tax Claim as allowed by 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(9)(C) and (D). The IRS has filed a Priority Tax Claim against B. & J. in the amount of \$336.82, and against Berman in the amount of \$100.

Pursuant to the Plan of Reorganization, Administrative Expense Claims will be paid in full on the later of the Effective Date or the date on which any such Administrative Expense Claim becomes an Allowed Claim unless such holder shall agree to a different treatment of such Claim (including, without limitation, any different treatment that may be provided for in any documentation, statute, or regulation governing such Claim). However, the Administrative Expense Claims representing liabilities incurred in the ordinary course of business (including amounts owed to vendors and suppliers that have sold goods or furnished services to Debtors after the Petition Date), if any, will be paid in accordance with the terms and conditions of the particular transactions and any other agreements relating thereto.

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Debtor will include the estimated amount of such expenses in the Report of Administrative Expense Claims to be filed prior to the hearing on confirmation.

### 3. Classified Claims

The following summary of distributions under the Plan to Classified Claims does not purport to be complete and is subject to, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, the Plan included herewith.

(a) Class 1 (Columbia Credit Union's Secured Claim Against

B. & J.). Columbia Credit Union ("Columbia") has a first-position security interest in

B. & J.'s real property located at 4490 Silverton Road NE, Salem, Oregon, to secure its

Allowed Secured Claim. Columbia will retain its interest in its Collateral with the same

priority that it had on the Petition Date. Columbia will be paid the full amount of its Allowed

Secured Claim in accordance with the existing terms of its loan to Debtor except for the

changes to terms and covenants as detailed in the Plan. The payments to Columbia from

B. & J. will be approximately \$14,080 per month.

(b) Class 2 (Columbia's Unsecured Guaranty Claim Against

Berman). Columbia has an unsecured claim against Berman pursuant to his personal
guaranty of B. & J.'s debt to Columbia. Berman will remain liable to Columbia under the
personal guaranty in accordance with the existing terms of Columbia's loan to B. & J. except
for the changes to terms and covenants as detailed in the Plan.

(c) Class 3 (Quicken Loans' Secured Claim Against Berman).

Quicken Loans, Inc. ("Quicken Loans") has a first-position security interest in Berman's personal residence in Salem, Oregon, to secure its Allowed Secured Claim. The Class 3 claim is unimpaired and not entitled to vote on the Plan. Quicken Loans will be paid the full amount of its Allowed Secured Claim in accordance with the existing terms of its loan to Berman.

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	(d) <u>Class 4 (General Unsecured Claims Against B. &amp; J.)</u> . Each
	General Class 4 Unsecured Claim against B. &. J. will be paid in full, together with interest at
	the federal judgment rate in effect on the Effective Date, from and after the Effective Date, as
	follows: (i) commencing on the first day of the first full month following the Effective Date,
ı	General Unsecured Creditors will be paid monthly payments of interest only, at the federal
	judgment rate, for 12 24 months; and (ii) commencing on the first day of the 13th 25th month
	following the Effective Date, General Unsecured Creditors will be paid the full balance of
ı	their claims in equal amortizing monthly payments, including principal and interest at the
	federal judgment rate, for the next 36-months months; provided, however, that if the appeal
	of the Class Action Case is not successful and funds are due and owing to the Class 6
	Claimants under a Final Order, then payments made to Class 4 Claims up to that point will be
	recharacterized as payments of principal only and Class 4 Claims shall share pro rata in the
	liquidation of assets described in Class 6 below on a pari passu basis with Class 6 Unsecured
	<u>Claims</u> , with no further payments being made to Class 4 Claims until such time as payments
	to Class 6 Unsecured Claims have caught up and are on par with the percentage previously
	received by Class 4 Claims.
	(e) <u>Class 5 (General Unsecured Claims Against Berman)</u> . Each
	General Unsecured Claim against Berman will be paid first from B. & J. under Class 4, and
	any balance remaining shall be paid its pro rata share of funds held in the "Berman
	Unsecured Claims Fund," which shall be created and funded by Berman from his earnings
	after the Effective Date. The amount to be paid by Berman into the Berman Unsecured
	Claims Fund is \$1,000 per month for five years, or until \$60,000 has been deposited by
	Berman, or such other amount as is required by the Bankruntcy Court. The Class 5 creditors'

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amount of Class 5 and Class 7 claims.

pro rata share of the Berman Unsecured Claims Fund shall be calculated from the total

1	(f) <u>Class 6 (Class Action Claims Against B. &amp; J.)</u> . Each holder of
2	an Allowed Claim as a result of a Final Order entered in the Class Action Litigation and
3	appeals will be paid the full amount ultimately awarded by the Court, if any, if B & J. has
4	sufficient assets to make such payments and, if not, from the pro rata Net Proceeds from the
5	closing down/liquidation and sale of B. & J.'s business and assets-, as follows:
6	Upon entry of a Final Order on the Class Action Claims, Reorganized B. & J.
7	will pay Allowed Class Action Claims, whether Secured or Unsecured, within
8	12 months after any order entered in the Class Action Case becomes a Final
9	Order. To the Extent Reorganized B. & J. does not have sufficient funds to
10	pay the Allowed Class 6 Claims from available cash, then Reorganized
11	B. & J. shall first seek to pursue the malpractice claims against Saalfeld
12	Griggs in order to recover the full amounts owing to the Class Action Claims.
13	If recovery against Saalfeld Griggs is not successful, then Reorganized B. & J.
14	will seek to refinance the Real Property to generate Net Proceeds in a
15	sufficient amount to pay the Allowed Class 6 Claims. If Reorganized B. & J.
16	is unable to refinance the Real Property, then Reorganized B. & J. shall
17	proceed to sell the Real Property and liquidate all its remaining assets, with
18	the Net Proceeds from the Real Property to be paid first in full satisfaction of
19	the Allowed Class 6 Secured Claims and thereafter to the Allowed Class 4 and
20	Class 6 Unsecured Claims. If the Net Proceeds are insufficient to pay
21	Allowed Unsecured Claims in full, then each Unsecured Claimant shall be
22	paid its pro rata share of the amount owed to all Allowed Class 4 and 6
23	Unsecured Claims. Proceeds from the malpractice claims against Saalfeld
24	Griggs, Net Proceeds of the refinancing, or Net Proceeds from the sale of the
25	Real Property and liquidation of assets shall first be paid to the Class 6
26	Unsecured Claims until such payments equal the same percentage that Class 4
D	40 .641 DEPTODO: AMENDED JOINT DIGGLOGUE GTATEMENT (NU V. 15

amount of Administrative Expense Claims is uncertain at this time. It is anticipated that some professionals may agree to defer payment of their Administrative Claim, if necessary. A statement of professional fees incurred in this case will be filed with the Court prior to the confirmation hearing.

### D. EXECUTORY CONTRACTS

The Bankruptcy Code gives Debtors the right, after commencement of their Chapter 11 Cases, subject to approval of the Bankruptcy Court, to assume or reject executory contracts and unexpired leases. Generally, an "executory contract" is a contract under which material performance (other than the payment of money) is still due by each party. The Plan provides for the assumption by debtors of all executory contracts and unexpired leases that are not expressly rejected or subject to a motion for rejection filed on or before the Confirmation Date.

If an executory contract or unexpired lease is or has been rejected, the other party to the agreement may file a Proof of Claim for damages resulting from such rejection. The Plan provides that a Proof of Claim with respect to any such Claim must be filed within 30 days of approval of the Bankruptcy Court of the rejection of the relevant executory contract or unexpired lease. Any such Claim shall constitute a Class 2 Claim to the extent such Claim is finally treated as an Allowed Claim. To the extent a debtor rejects an unexpired lease of nonresidential real property, the Claim for damages resulting from such rejection will be limited to the amount allowed under the Bankruptcy Code.

Upon assumption of an executory contract or unexpired lease, debtors must cure or provide adequate assurance of prompt cure of any monetary defaults. The Plan provides that Reorganized Debtors will promptly cure all monetary defaults.

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#### Ε. EFFECT OF CONFIRMATION

#### 1. **Binding Effect**

The treatment of, and consideration received by, holders of Allowed Claims and Interests pursuant to the Plan will be in full satisfaction of their respective Claims against or Interests in Debtors. The Confirmation Order shall bind Debtors and any Creditor, and discharge Debtors from any liability that arose before the Effective Date as provided in Sections 524 and 1141 of the Bankruptcy Code, and any debt and liability of a kind specified in Sections 502(g), 502(h) or 502(i) of the Bankruptcy Code, whether or not (a) a proof of claim based on such Creditor's debt or liability is Filed or deemed Filed under Section 501 of the Bankruptcy Code, (b) a Claim based on such debt or liability is Allowed, or (c) the holder of the Claim based on such debt or liability has accepted the Plan.

#### 2. **Revesting, Operation of Business**

All property of the bankruptcy estates shall revest in each respective Reorganized Debtor on the Effective Date free and clear of all rights, claims, liens, charges, encumbrances, and interests, except as otherwise specifically provided in the Plan. Except as otherwise set forth in the Plan, there are no limitations or restrictions on the postconfirmation activities or operations of Debtors.

#### **3. Injunction**

The effect of confirmation shall be as set forth in Section 1141 of the Bankruptcy Code. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, prior order of the Bankruptcy Court, or in the Confirmation Order, confirmation of the Plan shall act as a permanent injunction applicable to entities against (a) the commencement or continuation, including the issuance or employment of process, of a judicial, administrative, or other action or proceeding of any kind against Debtors or Reorganized Debtors that was or could have been commenced before entry of the Confirmation Order; (b) the enforcement, attachment, collection, or recovery against Reorganized Debtors or their assets of any judgment, award, decree, or order

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obtained before the Petition Date; (c) any act to obtain possession of or to exercise control over, or to create, perfect, or enforce a lien upon all or any part of the assets of Reorganized Debtors; (d) asserting any setoff or right of subrogation or recoupment of any kind against any obligation due to Debtors, Reorganized Debtors, or their property; and (e) proceeding in any manner in any place whatsoever that does not conform to, does not comply with, or is inconsistent with the provisions of the Plan or the Confirmation Order. Neither the injunction nor any provision of the Plan prohibits or otherwise overrides the Stipulated Relief From Stay Order which allows the Marion County Case to proceed to completion in state court, including all appeals.

# 4. Event of Default

Any material failure by Reorganized Debtors to perform any term of the Plan, which failure continues for a period of 15 Business Days following receipt by Reorganized Debtors of written notice of such default from the holder of an Allowed Claim to whom performance is due, shall constitute an Event of Default. Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default, the holder of an Allowed Claim to whom performance is due shall have all rights and remedies granted by law, the Plan, or any agreement between the holder of such Claim and Debtors or Reorganized Debtors. An Event of Default with respect to one Claim shall not be an Event of Default with respect to any other Claim.

# 5. Modification of Plan; Revocation or Withdrawal of Plan

Subject to Section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code, Debtors reserve the right to alter, amend, modify, or withdraw the Plan before its substantial consummation so long as the treatment of holders of Claims and Equity Security Holders under the Plan are not adversely affected.

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after the Effective Date shall be paid by the Reorganized Debtors as and when they become
due and will be based on the Reorganized Debtors' total disbursements, including ordinary
course of business disbursements as well as disbursements made to Claimants under this
<u>Plan. Such fee obligations will not terminate</u> until thethis Case is elosed, converted, or
dismissed, or until this Case is no longer pending upon entry of a Final Order closing this
Case, whichever first occurs, and all United States Trustee fees, including any such fees
accrued in any partial quarter, shall be paid as a condition precedent prior to entry of an order
closing the case. After the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtors shall file with the Court
<u>a post-</u> confirmation, Reorganized Debtors shall serve on the United States Trustee a monthly
financial report for each quartermonth, or portion thereof, that the case remains open open or
during any period of time that the case is reopened. The quarterly monthly financial report
shall include a statement of all disbursements made during the course of the quartermonth,
whether or not pursuant to the Plan. All United States Trustee fees, including any such fees
accrued in any partial quarter, shall also be paid as a condition precedent prior to entry of a
<u>Final Decree.</u>

# VIII. LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS

A Plan of Reorganization cannot be confirmed unless the Bankruptcy Court finds that the Plan is in the "best interest of creditors" or holders of Claims against, and Equity Security in, Debtors subject to such plan. The best interest test is satisfied if a plan provides each dissenting or non-voting member of each impaired Class with a recovery not less than the recovery such member would receive if each Debtor was liquidated in a hypothetical case under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code by a Chapter 7 Trustee. Debtors believe the holders of impaired Claims will not receive less than they would receive under a Chapter 7 liquidation. In applying the "best interest" test, the Bankruptcy Court would ascertain the hypothetical recovery in a Chapter 7 proceeding to Secured Creditors, priority claimants, General Unsecured Creditors, and Equity Interest Holders. The hypothetical Chapter 7

recoveries would then be compared with the distribution offered to each Class of Claims or Equity Security Holders under the Plan to determine that the Plan satisfied the "best interest" test set forth in the Bankruptcy Code.

A Chapter 7 liquidation of B. & J.'s case would result in the immediate cessation of B. & J.'s operations. Substantially all assets would be liquidated and distributed to the Secured Creditors, with Columbia Credit Union likely realizing its full \$2,225,037 secured claim amount plus default interest, costs, and fees, and the remaining General Unsecured, Litigation, and Equity Classes realizing less than the amount proposed under the Plan.

A Chapter 7 liquidation of Berman's case would result in the immediate cessation of Berman's primary source of income. Berman's non-exempt assets would be liquidated and approximately \$43,703.33 would be available for distribution to all creditors, including Columbia's \$2,225,037 claim on Berman's personal guaranty. Calculations for a hypothetical Berman liquidation are set forth on the Liquidation Analysis attached hereto as **Exhibit 3**. The amount available in a Berman liquidation is less than the Berman Unsecured Claims Fund, and thus General Unsecured, Class Action, and Equity Classes would receive less in a Chapter 7 than the amount proposed under the Plan.

IX. POSSIBLE U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN

CREDITORS AND INTEREST HOLDERS CONCERNED WITH HOW THE

PLAN MAY AFFECT THEIR TAX LIABILITY SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR

OWN ACCOUNTANTS, ATTORNEYS, AND/OR ADVISORS.

The following discussion summarizes in general terms certain federal income tax consequences of implementation of the Plan based upon existing provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Internal Revenue Code"), court decisions, and current administrative rulings and practice. This summary does not address the federal income tax consequences of the Plan to holders of priority or secured claims, nor does it address any state, local, or foreign tax matters, or the federal income tax consequences to

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certain types of creditors (including financial institutions, life insurance companies, tax exempt organizations, and foreign taxpayers) to which special rules may apply. No rulings or opinions have been or will be requested from the Internal Revenue Service with respect to any of the tax aspects of the Plan.

THIS ANALYSIS DOES NOT ADDRESS THE TAX IMPLICATIONS OF THE PLAN TO ANY SPECIFIC CREDITOR. Substantial differences in the tax implications are likely to be encountered by creditors because of the difference in the nature of their Claims, taxpayer status, method of accounting, and the impact of prior actions they may have taken with respect to their Claims.

The following are the anticipated tax consequences of the Plan.

#### TAX CONSEQUENCES TO DEBTORS Α.

Debtors do not anticipate any extraordinary or unusual tax consequences because all claims are expected to be paid in full. Debtors will experience ordinary income from continued operations and earnings, and will be entitled to deduct business expenses for any business related and interest expenses. Debtors do not anticipate any cancellation of debt income. In the event B. & J. sells its real property, B. & J. shall pay any applicable capital gains taxes that result from the sale.

#### B. GENERAL TAX CONSEQUENCES ON CREDITORS

Creditors will likely not experience any unusual or extraordinary tax consequence following Confirmation of the Plan. Payments will be treated in the same manner as they were treated before Confirmation of the Plan. As discussed above, the effect of the Plan on specific creditors will depend on specific financial information relative to such creditor and that is unknown to Debtors. As a result, the tax implications to specific creditors cannot be completely described herein.

EACH HOLDER IS URGED TO CONSULT SUCH HOLDER'S OWN TAX ADVISOR AS TO THE CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN TO SUCH HOLDER UNDER

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1	FEDERAL AND APPLICABLE STATE, LOCAL, AND FOREIGN TAX LAWS.
2	DEBTORS AND DEBTORS' COUNSEL EXPRESS NO OPINION AS TO THE TAX
3	CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN OR THE EFFECT THEREOF ON ANY CLAIMANT.
4	X. ACCEPTANCE AND CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN
5	A. CONFIRMATION HEARING
6	The Bankruptcy Court has scheduled a hearing on confirmation of the Plan on
7	, 2019 atm Pacific time. The hearing will be held at the
8	U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the District of Oregon, 1050 SW Sixth Avenue, #700, Portland,
9	Oregon in Courtroom No, before the Honorable, United States
10	Bankruptcy Judge. At that hearing, the Bankruptcy Court will consider whether the Plan
11	satisfies the various requirements of the Bankruptcy Code, including whether it is feasible
12	and whether it is in the best interest of Creditors and Equity Security Holders of Debtors.
13	Debtors will submit a report to the Bankruptcy Court prior to the hearing concerning the
14	votes for acceptance or rejection of the Plan by the parties entitled to vote thereon. Any
15	objection to confirmation of the Plan must be timely filed on or before,
16	2019 to be considered by the Court.
17	B. REQUIREMENTS OF CONFIRMATION
18	At the hearing on confirmation, the Bankruptcy Court will determine whether the
19	provisions of Section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code have been satisfied. If all of the
20	provisions of Section 1129 are met, the Bankruptcy Court may enter an order confirming the
21	Plan. Debtor believes the Plan satisfies all the requirements of Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy
22	Code, that it has complied or will have complied with all of the requirements of Chapter 11,
23	and that the Plan has been proposed and is made in good faith.
24	With respect to Berman's Plan, the "Absolute Priority Rule" will apply in the event
25	that all of the following occur: (1) Debtors are unsuccessful on their appeal, (2) the Class
26	Action Creditors do not accept the Plan, (3) the Class Action Claims are not fully paid by
Page	37 of 41 - DEBTORS' <u>AMENDED</u> JOINT DISCLOSURE STATEMENT ( <del>JULY 15</del> OCTOBER 8, 2019)

B. & J., and (4) the remainder of the Class Action Claims are not paid in full from the
Berman Unsecured Claims Fund. The Absolute Priority Rule provides that unsecured
creditors in a dissenting impaired class must be satisfied in full before the debtor is allowed
to retain any property under the plan. In Berman's case, Berman proposes to retain
approximately \$97,665.13 of non-exempt property. Specifically, the non-exempt portion of
equity in his residence, and the amount of cash Berman held on hand and in his checking
account on the Petition Date. In the event the Absolute Priority Rule applies, Berman
proposes to obtain a loan from family or from a financial institution to pay the Class Action
Claims the lesser of \$98,000, or the amount needed to pay the remaining balance of the Class
Action Claims. See Section 7.7 of the Plan.
C. CRAMDOWN

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A Court may confirm a Plan, even if it is not accepted by all impaired classes, if the Plan has been accepted by at least one impaired class of claims and the Plan meets the cramdown requirements set forth in Section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. In the event any impaired Class of Claims does not accept the Plan, Debtor hereby requests the Bankruptcy Court to confirm the Plan in accordance with Section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise permit Debtors to modify the Plan.

# **C.D.** FEASIBILITY

Debtors believe that confirmation of the Plan is not likely to be followed by the liquidation of either of the Reorganized Debtors or a need for a further financial reorganization of Reorganized Debtors. The projections of B. & J.'s post-confirmation business, attached hereto as **Exhibit 1**, show sufficient earnings and cash flow from operations to support and meet the ongoing financial needs of Reorganized B. & J. The projections indicate that the Plan as proposed by Debtors is feasible and that Reorganized Debtors will be financially viable after confirmation of the Plan or B. & J. shall liquidate. The ultimate payout to the Class Action Creditors will be dependent on the result of the state

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court appeals. If the Class Action Creditors prevail in full, then the likely result is that B. & J. will be liquidated. The Plan provides for such a liquidation and, as such, it is feasible even if Debtors do not prevail on the appeal.

# **D.E.** CONFIRMATION REQUIREMENTS FOR INDIVIDUAL DEBTOR

To confirm the Plan, the Court must find that "the value of the property to be distributed under the plan is not less than the projected disposable income of Debtor (as defined in Section 1325(b)(2)) to be received during the five-year period beginning on the date the first payment is due under the Plan, or during the period for which the Plan provides payments, whichever is longer." 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(15)(B). The Plan proposes to pay Berman's creditors from the Berman Unsecured Claims Fund, which will be funded with Berman's projected disposable income (as defined in Section 1325(b)(2)) to be received by Berman during the five-year period beginning on the Effective Date. See Exhibit 2, attached hereto. The Plan therefore complies with Section 1129(a)(15)(B).

# **E.F.** ALTERNATIVES TO CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN

If a Plan is not confirmed, Debtors or another party-in-interest may attempt to formulate or propose a different Plan or Plans of Reorganization. Such Plans might involve a reorganization and continuation of B. & J.'s business, a sale of B. & J.'s business as a going concern, an orderly liquidation of B. & J.'s assets, or any combination thereof. If no Plan of Reorganization is determined by the Bankruptcy Court to be confirmable, the Chapter 11 case may be converted to a liquidation proceeding under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code.

In a liquidation, a Chapter 7 Trustee would be appointed with the purpose of liquidating the assets of Debtors. Typically, in liquidation, assets are sold for less than their going concern value and, accordingly, the return to Creditors and Interest holders is less than the return in a reorganization, which derives the value to be distributed in a Plan from the business as a going concern. Proceeds from liquidation would be distributed to Creditors and Interest holders of Debtors in accordance with the priorities set forth in the Bankruptcy Code.

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1		Debtors believe there is no currently available alternative that would offer holders of
2	Claim	s and Interests in Debtors greater than the Plan and urges all parties entitled to vote on
3	the Pla	an to vote to accept the Plan.
4	XI.	CONCLUSION
5		Please read this Disclosure Statement and the Plan carefully. After reviewing all the
6	inforn	nation and making an informed decision, please vote by using the enclosed ballot.
7		DATED this 15th8th day of JulyOctober, 2019.
8		Respectfully submitted,
9		B. & J. PROPERTY INVESTMENTS, INC.
10		D / / W/III I D
11		By <u>/s/ William J. Berman</u> William J. Berman, President
12		
13		By /s/ William J. Berman
14		William J. Berman, Personally
15	Dragar	nted by:
16		KON TORP LLP
17	TONE	ON TORP LLP
18	<b>B</b> v. /c/	Timothy J. Conway
19	Ti	mothy J. Conway, OSB No. 851752 va L. Schoen, OSB No. 044072
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23	At	torneys for B. & J. Property Investments, Inc.
24		
25		
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age	40 of 4	1 - DEBTORS' <u>AMENDED</u> JOINT DISCLOSURE STATEMENT ( <del>JULY 15</del> <u>OCTOBER 8</u> , 2019)

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4		hone: (503) 417-0508
5	Email	
6	7 tttori	neys for William J. Bernan
7	EXHIRI'	TS ATTACHED:
8		
9	Exhibit 1 Exhibit 2 Exhibit 3	: Berman Projected Disposable Income Calculation
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11	117 SW Taylor St., Suite 300 Portland, OR 97204	
12	Attorneys for William J. Berman	
13		
14	UNITED STATES BA	NKRUPTCY COURT
15	DISTRICT C	OF OREGON
16	In re	Case No. 19-60138-pcm11
17	B. & J. Property Investments, Inc.,	
18	Debtor.	
19	-	
20	In re	Case No. 19-60230-pcm11
21	William J. Berman,	DEBTORS' AMENDED JOINT DISCLOSURE STATEMENT
22	Debtor	(OCTOBER 8, 2019)
23		
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DEBTORS' AMENDED JOINT DISCLOSURE STATEMENT (OCTOBER 8, 2019)

Tonkon Torp LLP 888 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 1600 Portland, Oregon 97204 503-221-1440

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# I. INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY

### A. INTRODUCTION

On January 17, 2019 (the "B. & J. Petition Date"), B. & J. Property Investments, Inc. ("B & J," or the "Company") filed a voluntary petition under Chapter 11 of Title 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code (the "Bankruptcy Code"). On January 28, 2019 (the "Berman Petition Date"), William J. Berman ("Berman") filed a voluntary petition under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. On July 15, 2019, the Company and Berman (collectively, "Debtors") filed this Disclosure Statement (the "Disclosure Statement") with the U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the District of Oregon (the "Bankruptcy Court") and their Joint Plan of Reorganization (the "Plan"). A copy of the Plan is included herewith.

This Disclosure Statement is being provided to you by Debtors to enable you to make an informed judgment about the Plan. This Disclosure Statement has been prepared to disclose information that in Debtors' opinion is material, important, and helpful to evaluate the Plan. Among other things, this Disclosure Statement describes the manner in which Claims and Equity Securities will be treated. This Disclosure Statement summarizes the Plan, explains how the Plan will be implemented, outlines the risks of and alternatives to the Plan, and outlines the procedures involved in confirmation of the Plan. The description of the Plan contained in this Disclosure Statement is intended as a summary only and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Plan itself. If any inconsistency exists between the Plan and this Disclosure Statement, the terms of the Plan shall control. You are urged to review the Plan and, if applicable, consult with your own counsel about the Plan and its impact on your legal rights before voting on the Plan.

Capitalized terms used but not defined in this Disclosure Statement shall have the meanings assigned to such terms in the Plan or the Bankruptcy Code. Factual information contained in this Disclosure Statement is the representation of Debtors only and not of their attorneys, consultants, or accountants. The information has been obtained from the books

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The hearing on confirmation may be adjourned from time to time by the Bankruptcy Court

without further notice except for an announcement made at the hearing on any adjournment thereof.

A ballot has been enclosed with this Disclosure Statement for use in voting on the Plan. In order to be tabulated for purposes of determining whether the Plan has been accepted or rejected, ballots must be <u>received</u> at the address indicated on the ballot no later than 4:00 p.m. on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, 2019. Debtors believe that confirmation of the Plan is in the best interests of the holders of Claims and urge you to accept the Plan.

This Disclosure Statement contains projected financial information and estimates that demonstrate the feasibility of the Plan of Reorganization and Debtors' ability to continue operations upon emergence from proceedings under the Bankruptcy Code. Debtors prepared such information for the limited purpose of furnishing information to Creditors to allow them to make an informed judgment regarding acceptance of the Plan of Reorganization. The projections and estimates of value should not be regarded for the purpose of this Disclosure Statement as representations or warranties by Debtors as to the accuracy of such information or that any such projections or valuations will be realized. Actual results could vary significantly from these projections.

# B. SUMMARY OF THE PLAN

A copy of the Plan is attached and discussed in detail later in this Disclosure

Statement. The following description of the Plan is intended as a summary only and is
qualified in its entirety by reference to the Plan. Debtors urge each holder of a Claim to
carefully review the entire Plan, together with this Disclosure Statement, before voting on the
Plan.

### 1. General

Generally, the Plan provides that (a) Debtors will operate in the ordinary course and pay and satisfy their obligations from revenue generated by operations; and (b) Debtors shall seek to prevail on the appeal in the Class Action Case so they may pay all Creditors in full

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over time; or (c) if Debtors are unable to prevail, or at least substantially prevail on the
appeal, (i) B. & J. will pursue its malpractice claim against Saalfeld Griggs and if insufficient
funds are recovered, B. & J. will then seek to refinance or sell the Real Property and liquidate
its assets, with the Net Proceeds to be distributed pro rata to Unsecured Creditors; and
(ii) Berman will distribute to unsecured creditors all the projected disposable income he
believes he will receive during the five-year period after the Effective Date.

### 2. Secured Creditors

Reorganized B. & J.'s secured Creditor, Columbia Credit Union ("Columbia"), will be paid the full amount of its Allowed Secured Claim in accordance with the existing terms of its loan to B. & J., except as modified under the Plan with respect to certain loan terms and covenants set forth in the Plan. The payments to Columbia will be approximately \$14,080 per month.

Reorganized Berman's secured Creditor, Quicken Loans, Inc. ("Quicken Loans"), will be paid the full amount of its Allowed Secured Claim in accordance with the existing terms of its loan to Berman. Berman's payments to Quicken Loans will be approximately \$2,852 per month.

### 3. General Unsecured Creditors

If B. & J. prevails on the appeal of the Class Action Case, B. & J.'s General Unsecured Creditors will be paid in full, together with interest at the federal judgment rate in effect on the Effective Date. If B. & J. does not prevail on the appeal of the Class Action Case, and there are insufficient funds from a refinancing or liquidation of the malpractice claims, then General Unsecured Creditors will be paid pro rata from the sale and liquidation of B. & J.'s assets on a pro rata basis with the Class Action Claims.

To the extent not paid by B. & J., Reorganized Berman's General Unsecured Creditors and Class Action Creditors (discussed below) shall be paid their pro rata share of

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\$60,000, which is Berman's projected disposable income for the five-year period following the Effective Date. See **Exhibit 3**, attached hereto.

# 4. Class Action Creditors

Certain Creditors in the Marion County Case (the "Class Action Claims") were awarded a General Judgment in the total amount of \$4,864,951 against Debtors on October 31, 2018, which Debtors have appealed. If the Class Action Claims are denied on appeal, they will receive nothing. If the Class Action Claims are allowed and prevail on appeal, then such Allowed Claims will be paid in full if B. & J. has sufficient funds to do so once the appeals have concluded, or B. & J. will liquidate its assets and pay the Class Action Creditors from available funds. B. & J. plans to file an adversary proceeding under 11 USC § 547 avoiding the judgment lien obtained by the Class Action Claimants as a bankruptcy preference. If the B. & J. preference claim is successful, the Class Action Claims will be Unsecured Claims even if Allowed. If the preference claim is not successful and the Class Action plaintiffs prevail on the appeal, they would have a Secured Claim against the Real Property up to the value of the Real Property in excess of prior liens. If Class Action Claims are paid in full and entitled to interest, they shall receive interest at the federal judgment rate. To the extent the Allowed Class Action Creditors are not paid in full by B. & J., they shall receive payment from Berman in the amount of their pro rata share of \$60,000.

# 5. Equity Interests

The Plan provides that existing equity interests in B. & J. will be left in place unless the Company is liquidated, in which case equity will be extinguished.

The Plan provides that Berman will retain his interests in assets of his bankruptcy estate.

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# 6. Leases and Executory Contracts

All unexpired leases and executory contracts will be assumed by the respective Debtors through the Plan unless such unexpired leases and executory contracts have previously been assumed and assigned or rejected, or a motion seeking their assumption or rejection has been filed before the Confirmation Date.

# 7. Effective Date

The Effective Date of the Plan shall be the 11th day following entry of the Confirmation Order.

### 8. Cramdown Election

In the event any Class does not accept the Plan, Debtors reserve the right to request that the Bankruptcy Court confirm the Plan in accordance with Section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise modify the Plan.

### C. BRIEF EXPLANATION OF CHAPTER 11

Chapter 11 is the principal reorganization provision of the Bankruptcy Code.

Pursuant to Chapter 11, a debtor attempts to reorganize its business for the benefit of the debtor, its creditors, and other parties-in-interest.

The formulation and confirmation of a plan of reorganization is the principal purpose of a Chapter 11 case. A plan of reorganization sets forth the method for compensating the holders of claims and interests in Debtor. If the plan is confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court, it will be binding on Debtors, their creditors, and all other parties-in-interest. A claim or interest is impaired under a plan of reorganization if the plan provides that the legal, equitable, or contractual rights of the holder of such claim or interest are altered. A holder of an impaired claim or interest is entitled to vote to accept or reject the plan. Chapter 11 does not require all holders of claims and interests to vote in favor of a plan in order for the Bankruptcy Court to confirm it. However, the Bankruptcy Court must find that the plan meets a number of statutory tests before it may approve the plan. These tests are designed to

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1 protect the interests of holders of claims or interests who do not vote to accept the plan, but 2 who will nonetheless be bound by the plan's provisions if it is confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court. 3 An Unsecured Creditors' Committee was not appointed by the U.S. Trustee's office 4 5 in this case pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 1102(a) and (b). II. VOTING PROCEDURES AND CONFIRMATION OF PLAN 6 7 **BALLOTS AND VOTING DEADLINE** 8 A ballot to be used for voting to accept or reject the Plan is enclosed with each copy 9 of this Disclosure Statement. After carefully reviewing this Disclosure Statement and its 10 exhibits, including the Plan, please indicate your acceptance or rejection of the Plan by 11 voting in favor or against the Plan on the enclosed ballot as directed below. The Bankruptcy Court has directed that, to be counted for voting purposes, ballots for 12 the acceptance or rejection of the Plan must be received by Debtors no later than 4:00 p.m. 13 Pacific time on \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2019 at the following address: 14 15 Tonkon Torp LLP Attention: Spencer Fisher 16 1600 Pioneer Tower 888 SW Fifth Avenue 17 Portland, OR 97204-2099 or via facsimile transmission to Spencer Fisher at (503) 972-3867. 18 19 Holders of each Claim scheduled by Debtors or with respect to which a Proof of 20 Claim has been filed will receive ballots and are permitted to vote based on the amount of the Proof of Claim, except as discussed below. If no Proof of Claim has been filed, then the vote 21 22 will be based on the amount scheduled by Debtors in their Schedules. The Bankruptcy Code 23 provides that such votes will be counted unless the Claim has been disputed, disallowed, disqualified, or suspended prior to computation of the vote on the Plan. A Claim to which an 24 25 objection has been filed is not allowed to vote unless and until the Bankruptcy Court rules on

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the objection. Holders of disputed Claims who have settled their dispute with Debtors are

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indicating the amount of the Claim or an amount different from a timely filed Proof of Claim, then the amount shall be as set forth on Debtor's Schedules or any timely Proof of Claim filed with respect to such Claim or Order of the Bankruptcy Court.

# B. PARTIES ENTITLED TO VOTE

Pursuant to Section 1126 of the Bankruptcy Code, each Class of impaired Claims or Equity Security Holders that is not deemed to reject the Plan is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. Any holder of an Allowed Claim that is in an impaired Class under the Plan, and whose Class is not deemed to reject the Plan, is entitled to vote. A Class is "impaired" unless the legal, equitable, and contractual rights of the holders of Claims in that Class are left unaltered by the Plan or if the Plan reinstates the Claims held by members of such Class by (i) curing any defaults; (ii) reinstating the maturity of such Claim; (iii) compensating the holder of such Claim for damages that result from the reasonable reliance on any contractual provision or law that allows acceleration of such Claim; and (iv) otherwise leaving unaltered any legal, equitable, or contractual right of which the Claim entitles the holder of such Claim. Because of their favorable treatment, Classes that are not impaired are conclusively presumed to accept the Plan. Accordingly, it is not necessary to solicit votes from the holders of Claims in Classes that are not impaired. Classes of Claims or Interests that will not receive or retain any money or property under a Plan on account of such Claims or Interests are deemed, as a matter of law under Section 1126(g) of the Bankruptcy Code, to have rejected the Plan and are likewise not entitled to vote on the Plan. All Classes of Claims are impaired under Debtors' Plan.

# C. VOTES REQUIRED FOR CLASS ACCEPTANCE OF THE PLAN

As a condition to confirmation, the Bankruptcy Code requires that each impaired Class of Claims or Interests accept the Plan, subject to the exceptions described below in the section entitled "Cramdown of the Plan." In a "Cramdown," at least one impaired Class of Claims must accept the Plan in order for the Plan to be confirmed.

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For a Class of Claims to accept the Plan, Section 1126 of the Bankruptcy Code requires acceptance by Creditors that hold at least two-thirds in dollar amount and a majority in number of the Allowed Claims of such Class, in both cases counting only those Claims actually voting to accept or reject the Plan. The holders of Claims who fail to vote are not counted as either accepting or rejecting the Plan. If the Plan is confirmed, the Plan will be binding with respect to all holders of Claims and Interests in each Class, including Classes and members of Classes that did not vote or that voted to reject the Plan.

# D. "CRAMDOWN" OF THE PLAN

If the Plan is not accepted by all of the impaired Classes of Claims and Interests of Debtors, the Plan may still be confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to Section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code's "Cramdown" provision if the Plan has been accepted by at least one Impaired Class of Claims, without counting the acceptances of any Insiders of Debtor, and the Bankruptcy Court determines, among other things, that the Plan "does not discriminate unfairly" and is "fair and equitable" with respect to each non-accepting Impaired Class of Claims or Interests. Debtors believe the Plan can be confirmed even if it is not accepted by all impaired Classes of Claims and hereby request the Bankruptcy Court to confirm the Plan in accordance with Section 1129(6) of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise modify the Plan in the event any Class of Creditors does not accept the Plan.

### E. CONFIRMATION HEARING

The Bankruptcy Court has scheduled a hearing on confirmation of the Plan to commence on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, 2019, at \_\_ a.m. Pacific time. The confirmation hearing will be held at the U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the District of Oregon, Courtroom \_\_\_\_\_\_, 1050 SW Sixth Avenue,, Portland, Oregon, before the Honorable \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, United States Bankruptcy Judge. At the hearing, the Bankruptcy Court will consider whether the Plan satisfies the various requirements of the Bankruptcy Code, including whether it is

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projects, including the real property at 4490 Silverton Road. As part of its business plan to develop other properties and not operate an RV park, B. & J. entered into a Commercial Lease on or about January 30, 1997, leasing the Premises to BBM, which lease had been subsequently amended and extended at various times up to the Petition Date (collectively, the "BBM Lease"). Under the BBM Lease, BBM owned, operated, and maintained the RV park and self-storage facility and made lease payments to B. & J. When the Marion County Circuit Court entered a General Judgment against B. & J., BBM, and Berman on October 31, 2018 (see "Marion County Litigation" below), BBM became insolvent and unable to continue performance and was, therefore, in breach of the Lease. On the Petition Date, B. & J. sought Court authority to reject the BBM Lease and to change its business model to start operating an RV park and self-storage unit business. (See B. & J.'s Motion to Reject Commercial Lease and Authorize Use and Operation of Property as RV park and Self-Storage Facility [ECF No. 7]. The Court granted Debtor's motion on February 13, 2019 [ECF No. 104].<sup>1</sup>

Prior to filing the Bankruptcy Cases, Berman's principal business was operating B. & J. and BBM, and other real estate-centered entities. Berman intends to continue operating B. & J. under its new business model, and also intends to operate the other business entities in which he has been involved in the past.

### C. MANAGEMENT OF B. & J.

B. & J. is an Oregon corporation owned 50% by William J. Berman and 50% by Debra Lynn Berman. Mr. Berman is the president of Debtor and Ms. Berman is the secretary. Together they have over 25 years of real estate development and investment experience and 26 years of experience in the RV park and storage rental business.

Reorganized B. & J. will consist of the same owners and management as currently exists.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Unless otherwise specified, all references to docket entry numbers refer to B. & J.'s case, Bankruptcy Case No. 19-60138-pcm11.

Although B. & J. employs additional employees to maintain and repair its property in the ordinary course, Mr. and Ms. Berman perform much of the maintenance and repairs themselves, in addition to their management duties, saving B. & J. considerable expense and enhancing the value of B. & J.'s property. All B. & J. employees are at-will employees. There are no retiree benefits to be paid by Reorganized Debtor employees.

# D. MARION COUNTY LITIGATION

On or about April 12, 2013, Loren Hathaway, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated within the State of Oregon, et. al, commenced a class action case against Debtor, BBM, and Berman in the Circuit Court for the State of Oregon for the County of Marion as Case No. 13C14321 ("Marion County Case"). Plaintiffs in the Marion County Case asserted claims for relief based on the manner in which BBM charged utility services to tenants at the RV park and later for rent retaliation. Plaintiffs obtained an order against BBM, the owner and operator of the Salem RV park, for approximately \$4 million dollars for improper utility charges. The court entered a judgment against BBM in spite of the fact that the RV park never made any money on the utility charges. The liability was based on a statutory construction of how kilowatt hours were charged to tenants and for charging a fixed meter fee.

The fact that the tenants actually paid less for the utility services (at the commercial rate) than they would have paid had they been charged the full residential utility rate was deemed immaterial. The court imposed damages equal to two times the tenants' monthly rental rate for each month of the tenant's occupancy. When BBM tried to adjust its rates in a revenue neutral manner to comport with the court's ruling, plaintiffs' demand, and in accordance with the advice of its counsel, Saalfeld Griggs, BBM was then hit with a retaliation claim for which it was also found liable in the sum of approximately \$1 million. Once plaintiffs obtained liability against BBM, plaintiffs sought to impose liability on B. & J. as the owner of the property, and against Berman individually under piercing theories. The

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# E. ELECTRICAL BILLING AT THE RV PARK

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Salem R.V. Park was planned and developed by Eugene Jones (Ms. Berman's father) and was opened in 1991. During planning and development of the park, Mr. Jones met and coordinated with the various municipalities and utilities. Mr. Jones met with Portland General Electric to design an electric grid for the park's 124, and later 158, individually-metered sites, and to provide guidance as to an electrical billing system that was legal and equitable. Despite Mr. Jones' desire to have a residential electrical meter at each and every individual site (providing an exact kilowatt usage and billing per site), PGE determined that only 16 PGE commercial meters would be installed on the property.

This forced the park operator to act as a middleman for electrical billing by making them the responsible party for determining the gross power consumption of each individual tenant. In the spirit of fairness, Mr. Jones placed a sub-meter at each of the sites, which allowed the park to accurately allocate power consumption to the individual sites and ensured that low power users would not subsidize high power users and that enabled all tenants to benefit from the much lower commercial rates.

With further guidance from PGE, this system of allocating power to each individual tenant site through a monthly sub-meter reading by the park operator was established and

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implemented with the understanding that while the park operator could not make a profit on electrical billing, it could charge a basic fee, or meter fee, not to exceed the basic charge billed by PGE. The billing system thus implemented charged a fixed KWH charge (commercial rates constantly fluctuate based on usage) and a meter fee of five dollars (at a time when PGE's meter fee was seven). This arrangement caused BBM to lose roughly four thousand dollars annually on electrical billing, effectively subsidizing its tenants' electrical costs.

In 1993, Berman began to manage the Park alongside Mr. Jones, with the electric billing systems Mr. Jones developed. When BBM took over park operations, Berman (as an officer of BBM) audited all business practices, including electrical billing, and confirmed that the electrical billing practices, calculations, and allocation of the 16 PGE meters to the individual sites was proper and legal according to the parameters of several governing agencies, including the Public Utility Commission, Oregon Housing and Community Services (aka Oregon MultiFamily), and PGE. BBM, therefore, continued operation of the RV park with the electrical billing practices originally implemented by Mr. Jones.

Over the follow 20 years, these billing practices were reconfirmed several times to ensure that laws were being followed, including when all Oregon RV parks came under landlord-tenant law, and after the Marion County lawsuit was filed. Every audit during these 20-plus years of operation, and all government agencies (the Public Utility Commission, Oregon Housing and Community Services, and PGE) confirmed that BBM's electrical billing system was best practice and legal. To this day, neither BBM nor either of Debtors have ever made a dollar in profit from this electrical billing arrangement for tenants, a fact not disputed by plaintiff's counsel in the Marion County Case, who stated in open court that "we have no reason to believe Salem RV park has ever made money on utilities."

Despite the fact that only the word "Cost" and never the term "kWh" is used in ORTLA, and most importantly, despite the fact that no tenant has ever paid more than what

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PGE would have billed them individually, the Marion County Court ruled that because of BBM's kilowatt hour charging structure, BBM was in violation of the law.

On July 29, 2013, under the advice of its legal counsel, Saalfeld Griggs PC, BBM implemented changes to its electrical billing practices in an effort to mitigate damages by complying with the demands of the lawsuit. BBM implemented the following billing changes: (1) the meter fee was removed, (2) the kWh charge was reduced and now varies monthly, and (3) rents were raised \$20. These changes resulted in little to no increased gross revenue, but a gross loss on electrical billings of roughly \$15,000 annually. Rents were raised to partially offset some of these losses and because rents had not been raised at the RV park for a long time. However, as a result of the changes, plaintiffs amended the complaint and successfully sued the defendants for rent retaliation.

#### IV. EVENTS LEADING TO THE BANKRUPTCY FILING

Debtors' bankruptcy filings were precipitated by the general judgment entered in the Marion County Case and by the accumulated financial losses related thereto. Debtors have insufficient funds with which to pay the judgment and attorney fees for both plaintiffs and itself. As a result, Debtors filed for Chapter 11 bankruptcy.

#### V. SIGNIFICANT POST-PETITION EVENTS

#### A. **CASH COLLATERAL**

Early in the case, B. & J. obtained consent from Columbia Credit Union and court approval to use cash collateral to pay ongoing Chapter 11 expenses. The Court entered an Order Authorizing the Use of Cash Collateral and Granting Adequate Protection on February 6, 2019 [ECF No. 96].

#### В. REJECTION OF COMMERCIAL LEASE

Upon filing the Chapter 11, B. & J. also obtained court approval to reject the Commercial Lease between B. & J. and BBM, and to authorize B. & J. to operate the property as an RV park and self-storage facility in the ordinary course of its business during

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this bankruptcy proceeding, as more fully described above ("B. & J.'s Business"). A detailed description of the rejected lease can be found at ECF No. 7 or by contacting counsel for B. & J.

Consistent with rent restrictions imposed by an as-then-impending Oregon law, which has now been enacted, B. & J. instituted a rent structure that would start to bring rental rates in line with current market rents while at the same time not increasing rents too much from the prior owner. B. & J. is also investing to make improvements and repairs to create a desirable park and storage operation. After court approval, B. & J. hired employees and commenced operations as the RV park and self-storage business entitled Salem Estates RV Park and Salem Estates Storage.

#### C. **RELIEF FROM STAY**

On or about May 15, 2019, B. & J. and Plaintiffs' Class Action counsel entered into a Stipulated Order Granting Limited Relief From Stay [ECF No. 166] ("Relief From Stay Order") whereby the parties agreed, and the Court ordered, that the state court proceeding could continue to its completion at the trial level, and then continue on to resolve any and all subsequent appeals; provided, however, that any further rulings would not constitute a lien on any of the B. & J. property or assets, and any payment of any amounts ultimately ruled to be due and owing would be governed by the Plan of Reorganization.

On or about June 21, 2019, Berman and Plaintiffs' Class Action counsel entered into a Stipulated Order Granting Limited Relief From Stay [ECF No. 70 (Berman Case)]<sup>2</sup> ("Berman Relief From Stay Order") whereby the parties agreed and the Court ordered that the state court proceeding could continue to its completion at the trial level, and then continue on to resolve any and all subsequent appeals; provided, however, that any further rulings would not constitute a lien on any of Berman's property or assets, and any payment

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Reference to documents in the "Berman Case" refer to docket entries in Bankruptcy Case No. 19-60230-pcm11.

1	of any amounts ultimately ruled to be due and owing would be governed by the Plan of
2	Reorganization. Additionally, the parties agreed that the Class Action Plaintiffs' judgment
3	lien would be promptly avoided pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 547.
4	D. EMPLOYMENT OF PROFESSIONALS
5	B. & J. has retained Tonkon Torp LLP as its general counsel in this case. B. & J. also
6	sought and obtained Bankruptcy Court approval for the employment of (a) Saalfeld Griggs
7	PC as its special purpose counsel, and (b) Fischer, Hayes, Joye & Allen LLC as its
8	accountants. B. & J. and Berman also obtained an order authorizing the employment of
9	Janet M. Schroer as special purpose counsel to represent them as appellate counsel in the
10	Class Action Case. Ms. Schroer will be paid by the Oregon State Bar Professional Liability
11	Fund as repair counsel based on the malpractice claim asserted against Saalfeld Griggs by
12	Debtors.
13	Berman has retained Motschenbacher & Blattner LLP as its general counsel in the
14	Berman Bankruptcy Case, and as appellate counsel in the Class Action Case. Berman also
15	sought and obtained Bankruptcy Court approval for the employment of Fischer, Hayes,
16	Joye & Allen LLC as his accountant. Berman may seek authority to employ alternate
17	appellate counsel for the Class Action Case if appropriate.
18	VI. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
19	A. ASSETS
20	1. B. & J.'s Real Property
21	As described above, B. & J.'s principal asset is the Real Property containing the 158-
22	unit RV park and 243-unit self-storage facility on a 9.06-acre parcel both located at 4490
23	Silverton Road, N.E., Salem, Oregon. Debtors estimate that the value of the Real Property
24	was approximately \$5,000,000 as of the B. & J. Petition Date.

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and Storage business was operated by Better Business Management ("BBM"). BBM was in

As of the Petition Date, B. & J. held bare legal title to the Property and the RV Park

default under the lease with B. & J. and was insolvent as a result of the Class Action judgment entered against it. Thus, as of the Petition Date, B. & J. owned Property with an insolvent tenant that was in default. Such circumstances depressed the value of the Property. In addition, the Property had been underperforming given that BBM had been charging under-market rates. Further, the Property had significant amounts of deferred maintenance, which further depressed its value. Although a prior appraisal had valued the Property at one point at approximately \$6 million, B. & J.'s owner believes that appraisal was too high and given the present state of the Property as of the Petition Date, a \$5 million valuation was more accurate. In any event, the Property value is expected to increase under the Plan since B. & J. has taken possession of the Property and is now running an RV Park and Storage business that it expects will be able to generate sufficient revenue to make the needed repairs and improvements to increase the Property value during the life of the Plan. Moreover, if B. & J. is not able to generate sufficient funds to pay all Allowed Claims in full, then the Property will be liquidated. Upon liquidation, the value will be determined by the marketplace.

# 2. Berman's Real Property

Berman co-owns, with his wife, real property and a single family home in Salem, Oregon. Legal title to the home is held by the Berman Living Trust Dated October 21, 1997. Berman estimates that the total value of the residence was approximately \$568,060 as of the Berman Petition Date. Therefore, Berman estimates that the value of his 50% interest in the residence was approximately \$284,030 as of the Berman Petition Date.

# 3. Personal Property

As of the Petition Date, B. & J.'s hard assets consisted of a 2017 Chevy suburban and a 2001 New Holland tractor, as well as some miscellaneous office furniture and equipment with little market value. B. & J. had cash accounts as of the Petition Date in the total amount of \$114,209.26, and also had a receivable from Berman in the amount of \$61,000. This

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\$293,354 unpaid) incurred in the Marion County Case and owed under an indemnity clause

B. & J. is also owed reimbursement from BBM for legal fees (\$302,603.25 paid and

in BBM's Lease with B. & J. — B. & J. does not expect to collect this amount as BBM is now out of business and has no assets.

Debtors also have potential malpractice claims against Saalfeld Griggs LLP for legal advice that resulted in the Class Action retaliation liability claim of \$964,450, plus attorney fees to be awarded, and legal advice that resulted in disregard of corporate status that resulted in the class action judgment liability of \$4,864,951 (which includes the retaliation liability claim of \$964,450), plus attorney fees to be awarded. Debtors have made demand on Saalfeld Griggs for these claims and are negotiating a tolling agreement. Debtors dispute their liability to the Class Action Creditors but if such liability is upheld on appeal, Debtors believe they have valid claims against Saalfeld Griggs since Debtors relied upon and followed Saalfeld Griggs' advice in conducting its business in the manner in which the state court found to result in the retaliation liability and the successor liability of both Debtors. Debtors intend to file an objection to Saalfeld Griggs' prepetition Claim and, as a result, expect that no payments will be made on that Claim pending the conclusion of the Class Action appeals and resolution of any malpractice claims against Saafeld Griggs.

Berman may also have a claim against his minor grandchildren, for gifts made to those minors' college savings funds. Berman and his wife jointly contributed \$21,740.57, half of which was from Berman. As a result, Berman's potential claim equals \$10,870.29, which has been included in Berman's liquidation analysis attached as Exhibit 3.

### B. LIABILITIES

### 1. Columbia Credit Union

According to the proof of claim filed by Columbia Credit Union, the amount of debt owing to Columbia Credit Union as of the Petition Date is \$2,225,037.38 in principal, plus accrued interest in the amount of \$918.05, and \$3,412.50 in prepetition attorney fees and costs. To secure its obligations, on September 11, 2015, B. & J. granted Columbia Credit Union a security interest in the Real Property located at 4490 Silverton Road NE, Salem,

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A General Judgment was entered against Debtor, BBM, and Mr. Berman on October 31, 2018, in the sum of \$3,900,501 on the electrical charge claims to the Main Class members, plus \$964,450 to the Retaliation Sub-Class members. In addition, plaintiffs have requested attorney fees of \$1,100,000 and costs of \$52,378.39. Debtors expect they will prevail in the appeal of the Marion County Case, and that as a result all creditors except the Class Action Claim plaintiffs will be paid in full. If Debtors do not prevail in the appeal of the Marion County Case, B. & J. will pursue the malpractice claims against Saalfeld Griggs and if sufficient recovery is not made therefrom, will then liquidate its assets.

# 3. Unsecured and Class Action Creditors

The total amount of Unsecured Claims scheduled by B. & J. or filed by Creditors against B. & J. is approximately \$751,182.49 (excluding claims filed by the Class Action Creditors which were listed as disputed). The total filed claims against B. & J. is approximately \$7,845,738.24 including the Class Action ClaiMs. This amount excludes any duplication for scheduled and filed claims and does not include anticipated costs and attorney fees to be awarded to the Class Action Plaintiffs in the Class Action Case.

The total amount of Unsecured Claims scheduled by Berman or filed by Creditors against Berman is approximately \$355,785.49 (excluding the Columbia Guaranty Claim, which is to be paid by B. & J., and claims filed by the Class Action Creditors which were listed as disputed). The total amount of filed claims against Berman is approximately \$7,763,541.53. This amount excludes any duplication for scheduled and filed claims.

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# VII. DESCRIPTION OF PLAN

# A. BRIEF EXPLANATION OF CHAPTER 11

Chapter 11 is the principal business reorganization chapter of the Bankruptcy Code. Under Chapter 11, a debtor is authorized to reorganize its business for the benefit of itself, its creditors, and its equity holders. Confirmation of a plan of reorganization is the principal objective of a Chapter 11 reorganization case. A plan of reorganization sets forth the means for satisfying claims against, and interests in, a debtor. Confirmation of a plan of reorganization by a bankruptcy court makes the plan binding upon the debtor, any issuer of securities under the plan, any person acquiring property under the plan, and any creditor and any equity holder of the debtor. Subject to certain limited exceptions provided by the Bankruptcy Code, and except as specifically provided in the Plan of Reorganization, the confirmation order discharges debtor from any debt that arose prior to the date of such confirmation and order and substitutes therefore the obligations specified in the plan.

# B. SOLICITATION, CLASSIFICATION, AND TREATMENT OF CLAIMS AND EQUITY SECURITIES

### 1. General

Pursuant to Section 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, a Plan of Reorganization must designate classes of Claims and classes of Interests. The Plan classifies all Claims and Interests into four classes. The classification of Claims and Interests is made for the purpose of voting on the Plan and making distributions thereunder, and for ease of administration of the Plan. A Claim or Interest is classified in a particular Class only to the extent the Claim or Interest qualifies within the description of that Class, and is classified in a different Class to the extent the Claim or Interest qualifies within the description of such different Class. A Claim or Interest is entitled to vote in a particular Class and to receive distributions in such Class only to the extent such Claim or Interest is an Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest in that Class and has not been paid prior to the Effective Date. Under the Plan, a Claim or

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Interest is an Allowed Claim against, or an Allowed Interest in, Debtor to the extent that (a) a proof of the Claim or Interest was (1) timely filed, or (2) deemed filed under applicable law by reason of an order of the Bankruptcy Court; or (b) scheduled by Debtor on its Schedules of Liabilities as neither contingent, unliquidated, or disputed; and (c) (i) no party-in-interest has filed an objection within the time fixed by the Bankruptcy Court, (ii) the Claim or Interest is allowed by Final Order; or (iii) with respect to an application for compensation or reimbursement of an Administrative Expense Claim, the amount of the Administrative Expense Claim has been approved by the Bankruptcy Court.

#### 2. Unclassified Claims

Administrative Expense Claims and Priority Tax Claims are not classified. An Administrative Expense Claim is a Claim against Debtors constituting an expense of administration of the Bankruptcy Case allowed under Section 503(b) of the Bankruptcy Code including, without limitation, the actual and necessary costs and expenses of preserving the estate and operating Debtors' business during the Bankruptcy Case; claims for the value of goods received by Debtors within 20 days before the Petition Date sold in the ordinary course of business; any indebtedness or obligations incurred by Debtors during the pendency of the Bankruptcy Case in connection with the provision of goods or services to Debtors; compensation for legal and other professional services and reimbursement of expenses; and statutory fees payable to the U.S. Trustee.

A "Priority Tax Claim" is a Claim of a governmental unit of the kind entitled to priority under Section 507(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code or that would otherwise be entitled to priority but for the Secured status of the Claim. Each holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim shall be paid by Reorganized Debtors within 30 days following the Effective Date or the date the Claim is Allowed, whichever is sooner, the full amount of its Allowed Priority Tax Claim as allowed by 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(9)(C) and (D). The IRS has filed a Priority

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Tax Claim against B. & J. in the amount of \$336.82, and against Berman in the amount of \$100.

Pursuant to the Plan of Reorganization, Administrative Expense Claims will be paid in full on the later of the Effective Date or the date on which any such Administrative Expense Claim becomes an Allowed Claim unless such holder shall agree to a different treatment of such Claim (including, without limitation, any different treatment that may be provided for in any documentation, statute, or regulation governing such Claim). However, the Administrative Expense Claims representing liabilities incurred in the ordinary course of business (including amounts owed to vendors and suppliers that have sold goods or furnished services to Debtors after the Petition Date), if any, will be paid in accordance with the terms and conditions of the particular transactions and any other agreements relating thereto. Debtor will include the estimated amount of such expenses in the Report of Administrative Expense Claims to be filed prior to the hearing on confirmation.

#### **3. Classified Claims**

The following summary of distributions under the Plan to Classified Claims does not purport to be complete and is subject to, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, the Plan included herewith.

Class 1 (Columbia Credit Union's Secured Claim Against (a) B. & J.). Columbia Credit Union ("Columbia") has a first-position security interest in B. & J.'s real property located at 4490 Silverton Road NE, Salem, Oregon, to secure its Allowed Secured Claim. Columbia will retain its interest in its Collateral with the same priority that it had on the Petition Date. Columbia will be paid the full amount of its Allowed Secured Claim in accordance with the existing terms of its loan to Debtor except for the changes to terms and covenants as detailed in the Plan. The payments to Columbia from B. & J. will be approximately \$14,080 per month.

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1	(b) <u>Class 2 (Columbia's Unsecured Guaranty Claim Against</u>
2	Berman). Columbia has an unsecured claim against Berman pursuant to his personal
3	guaranty of B. & J.'s debt to Columbia. Berman will remain liable to Columbia under the
4	personal guaranty in accordance with the existing terms of Columbia's loan to B. & J. except
5	for the changes to terms and covenants as detailed in the Plan.
6	(c) <u>Class 3 (Quicken Loans' Secured Claim Against Berman)</u> .
7	Quicken Loans, Inc. ("Quicken Loans") has a first-position security interest in Berman's
8	personal residence in Salem, Oregon, to secure its Allowed Secured Claim. The Class 3
9	claim is unimpaired and not entitled to vote on the Plan. Quicken Loans will be paid the full
10	amount of its Allowed Secured Claim in accordance with the existing terms of its loan to
11	Berman.
12	(d) <u>Class 4 (General Unsecured Claims Against B. &amp; J.)</u> . Each
13	Class 4 Unsecured Claim against B. &. J. will be paid in full, together with interest at the
14	federal judgment rate in effect on the Effective Date, from and after the Effective Date, as
15	follows: (i) commencing on the first day of the first full month following the Effective Date,
16	General Unsecured Creditors will be paid monthly payments of interest only, at the federal
17	judgment rate, for 24 months; and (ii) commencing on the first day of the 25th month
18	following the Effective Date, General Unsecured Creditors will be paid the full balance of
19	their claims in equal amortizing monthly payments, including principal and interest at the
20	federal judgment rate, for the next 36 months; provided, however, that if the appeal of the
21	Class Action Case is not successful and funds are due and owing to the Class 6 Claimants
22	under a Final Order, then payments made to Class 4 Claims up to that point will be
23	recharacterized as payments of principal only and Class 4 Claims shall share pro rata in the
24	liquidation of assets described in Class 6 below on a pari passu basis with Class 6 Unsecured
25	Claims, with no further payments being made to Class 4 Claims until such time as payments

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Reorganized B. & J. is unable to refinance the Real Property, then
Reorganized B. & J. shall proceed to sell the Real Property and liquidate all its
remaining assets, with the Net Proceeds from the Real Property to be paid first
in full satisfaction of the Allowed Class 6 Secured Claims and thereafter to the
Allowed Class 4 and Class 6 Unsecured Claims. If the Net Proceeds are
insufficient to pay Allowed Unsecured Claims in full, then each Unsecured
Claimant shall be paid its pro rata share of the amount owed to all Allowed
Class 4 and 6 Unsecured Claims. Proceeds from the malpractice claims
against Saalfeld Griggs, Net Proceeds of the refinancing, or Net Proceeds
from the sale of the Real Property and liquidation of assets shall first be paid
to the Class 6 Unsecured Claims until such payments equal the same
percentage that Class 4 Claims have received to date, and thereafter Class 4
and Class 6 Unsecured Claims shall be paid from available funds on a pro rata
basis.

an Allowed Claim as a result of a Final Order entered in the Class Action Litigation and appeals will first be paid the full amount ultimately awarded by the Court, if any, if B & J. has sufficient assets to make such payments and, if not, from the pro rata proceeds from the closing down/liquidation and sale of B. & J.'s business and assets. Any Class 7 Claims that remain after payment is made by B. & J. shall be paid a pro rata share of the Berman Unsecured Claims Fund described above. The Class 7 creditors' pro rata share of the Berman Unsecured Claims Fund shall be calculated from the total amount of Class 5 and Class 7 claims.

Class 8 (Interests in B. & J.). The Plan provides that holders of

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insufficient funds to pay Creditors, in which case the interest will be of no value.

(h)

Class 8 Interests will retain their interest in Reorganized B. & J., except in the event there are

LLP as his general bankruptcy counsel in this case, and as appellate counsel in the Class Action, and (2) Fischer, Hayes, Joye & Allen LLC as his accountants. The total amount of Administrative Expense Claims is uncertain at this time. It is anticipated that some professionals may agree to defer payment of their Administrative Claim, if necessary. A statement of professional fees incurred in this case will be filed with the Court prior to the confirmation hearing.

#### D. EXECUTORY CONTRACTS

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The Bankruptcy Code gives Debtors the right, after commencement of their Chapter 11 Cases, subject to approval of the Bankruptcy Court, to assume or reject executory contracts and unexpired leases. Generally, an "executory contract" is a contract under which material performance (other than the payment of money) is still due by each party. The Plan provides for the assumption by debtors of all executory contracts and unexpired leases that are not expressly rejected or subject to a motion for rejection filed on or before the Confirmation Date.

If an executory contract or unexpired lease is or has been rejected, the other party to the agreement may file a Proof of Claim for damages resulting from such rejection. The Plan

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Upon assumption of an executory contract or unexpired lease, debtors must cure or provide adequate assurance of prompt cure of any monetary defaults. The Plan provides that Reorganized Debtors will promptly cure all monetary defaults.

#### E. EFFECT OF CONFIRMATION

#### 1. Binding Effect

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The treatment of, and consideration received by, holders of Allowed Claims and Interests pursuant to the Plan will be in full satisfaction of their respective Claims against or Interests in Debtors. The Confirmation Order shall bind Debtors and any Creditor, and discharge Debtors from any liability that arose before the Effective Date as provided in Sections 524 and 1141 of the Bankruptcy Code, and any debt and liability of a kind specified in Sections 502(g), 502(h) or 502(i) of the Bankruptcy Code, whether or not (a) a proof of claim based on such Creditor's debt or liability is Filed or deemed Filed under Section 501 of the Bankruptcy Code, (b) a Claim based on such debt or liability is Allowed, or (c) the holder of the Claim based on such debt or liability has accepted the Plan.

#### 2. Revesting, Operation of Business

All property of the bankruptcy estates shall revest in each respective Reorganized Debtor on the Effective Date free and clear of all rights, claims, liens, charges, encumbrances, and interests, except as otherwise specifically provided in the Plan. Except as otherwise set forth in the Plan, there are no limitations or restrictions on the post-confirmation activities or operations of Debtors.

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#### 3. Injunction

The effect of confirmation shall be as set forth in Section 1141 of the Bankruptcy Code. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, prior order of the Bankruptcy Court, or in the Confirmation Order, confirmation of the Plan shall act as a permanent injunction applicable to entities against (a) the commencement or continuation, including the issuance or employment of process, of a judicial, administrative, or other action or proceeding of any kind against Debtors or Reorganized Debtors that was or could have been commenced before entry of the Confirmation Order; (b) the enforcement, attachment, collection, or recovery against Reorganized Debtors or their assets of any judgment, award, decree, or order obtained before the Petition Date; (c) any act to obtain possession of or to exercise control over, or to create, perfect, or enforce a lien upon all or any part of the assets of Reorganized Debtors; (d) asserting any setoff or right of subrogation or recoupment of any kind against any obligation due to Debtors, Reorganized Debtors, or their property; and (e) proceeding in any manner in any place whatsoever that does not conform to, does not comply with, or is inconsistent with the provisions of the Plan or the Confirmation Order. Neither the injunction nor any provision of the Plan prohibits or otherwise overrides the Stipulated Relief From Stay Order which allows the Marion County Case to proceed to completion in state court, including all appeals.

#### 4. Event of Default

Any material failure by Reorganized Debtors to perform any term of the Plan, which failure continues for a period of 15 Business Days following receipt by Reorganized Debtors of written notice of such default from the holder of an Allowed Claim to whom performance is due, shall constitute an Event of Default. Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default, the holder of an Allowed Claim to whom performance is due shall have all rights and remedies granted by law, the Plan, or any agreement between the holder of such Claim and Debtors or

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the Plan is in the "best interest of creditors" or holders of Claims against, and Equity Security

in, Debtors subject to such plan. The best interest test is satisfied if a plan provides each

dissenting or non-voting member of each impaired Class with a recovery not less than the

1	recovery such member would receive if each Debtor was liquidated in a hypothetical case
2	under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code by a Chapter 7 Trustee. Debtors believe the holders
3	of impaired Claims will not receive less than they would receive under a Chapter 7
4	liquidation. In applying the "best interest" test, the Bankruptcy Court would ascertain the
5	hypothetical recovery in a Chapter 7 proceeding to Secured Creditors, priority claimants,
6	General Unsecured Creditors, and Equity Interest Holders. The hypothetical Chapter 7
7	recoveries would then be compared with the distribution offered to each Class of Claims or
8	Equity Security Holders under the Plan to determine that the Plan satisfied the "best interest"
9	test set forth in the Bankruptcy Code.
10	A Chapter 7 liquidation of B. & J.'s case would result in the immediate cessation of
11	B. & J.'s operations. Substantially all assets would be liquidated and distributed to the
12	Secured Creditors, with Columbia Credit Union likely realizing its full \$2,225,037 secured
13	claim amount plus default interest, costs, and fees, and the remaining General Unsecured,
14	Litigation, and Equity Classes realizing less than the amount proposed under the Plan.
15	A Chapter 7 liquidation of Berman's case would result in the immediate cessation of
16	Berman's primary source of income. Berman's non-exempt assets would be liquidated and
17	approximately \$43,703.33 would be available for distribution to all creditors, including
18	Columbia's \$2,225,037 claim on Berman's personal guaranty. Calculations for a
19	hypothetical Berman liquidation are set forth on the Liquidation Analysis attached hereto as
20	<b>Exhibit 3</b> . The amount available in a Berman liquidation is less than the Berman Unsecured
21	Claims Fund, and thus General Unsecured, Class Action, and Equity Classes would receive
22	less in a Chapter 7 than the amount proposed under the Plan.
23	IX. POSSIBLE U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN
24	CREDITORS AND INTEREST HOLDERS CONCERNED WITH HOW THE

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OWN ACCOUNTANTS, ATTORNEYS, AND/OR ADVISORS.

PLAN MAY AFFECT THEIR TAX LIABILITY SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR

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The following discussion summarizes in general terms certain federal income tax consequences of implementation of the Plan based upon existing provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Internal Revenue Code"), court decisions, and current administrative rulings and practice. This summary does not address the federal income tax consequences of the Plan to holders of priority or secured claims, nor does it address any state, local, or foreign tax matters, or the federal income tax consequences to certain types of creditors (including financial institutions, life insurance companies, tax exempt organizations, and foreign taxpayers) to which special rules may apply. No rulings or opinions have been or will be requested from the Internal Revenue Service with respect to any of the tax aspects of the Plan.

THIS ANALYSIS DOES NOT ADDRESS THE TAX IMPLICATIONS OF THE PLAN TO ANY SPECIFIC CREDITOR. Substantial differences in the tax implications are likely to be encountered by creditors because of the difference in the nature of their Claims, taxpayer status, method of accounting, and the impact of prior actions they may have taken with respect to their Claims.

The following are the anticipated tax consequences of the Plan.

#### A. TAX CONSEQUENCES TO DEBTORS

Debtors do not anticipate any extraordinary or unusual tax consequences because all claims are expected to be paid in full. Debtors will experience ordinary income from continued operations and earnings, and will be entitled to deduct business expenses for any business related and interest expenses. Debtors do not anticipate any cancellation of debt income. In the event B. & J. sells its real property, B. & J. shall pay any applicable capital gains taxes that result from the sale.

#### B. GENERAL TAX CONSEQUENCES ON CREDITORS

Creditors will likely not experience any unusual or extraordinary tax consequence following Confirmation of the Plan. Payments will be treated in the same manner as they

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1	were treated before Confirmation of the Plan. As discussed above, the effect of the Plan on						
2	specific creditors will depend on specific financial information relative to such creditor and						
3	that is unknown to Debtors. As a result, the tax implications to specific creditors cannot be						
4	completely described herein.						
5	EACH HOLDER IS URGED TO CONSULT SUCH HOLDER'S OWN TAX						
6	ADVISOR AS TO THE CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN TO SUCH HOLDER UNDER						
7	FEDERAL AND APPLICABLE STATE, LOCAL, AND FOREIGN TAX LAWS.						
8	DEBTORS AND DEBTORS' COUNSEL EXPRESS NO OPINION AS TO THE TAX						
9	CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN OR THE EFFECT THEREOF ON ANY CLAIMANT.						
10	X. ACCEPTANCE AND CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN						
11	A. CONFIRMATION HEARING						
12	The Bankruptcy Court has scheduled a hearing on confirmation of the Plan on						
13	, 2019 atm Pacific time. The hearing will be held at the						
14	U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the District of Oregon, 1050 SW Sixth Avenue, #700, Portland,						
15	Oregon in Courtroom No, before the Honorable, United States						
16	Bankruptcy Judge. At that hearing, the Bankruptcy Court will consider whether the Plan						
17	satisfies the various requirements of the Bankruptcy Code, including whether it is feasible						
18	and whether it is in the best interest of Creditors and Equity Security Holders of Debtors.						
19	Debtors will submit a report to the Bankruptcy Court prior to the hearing concerning the						
20	votes for acceptance or rejection of the Plan by the parties entitled to vote thereon. Any						
21	objection to confirmation of the Plan must be timely filed on or before,						
22	2019 to be considered by the Court.						
23	B. REQUIREMENTS OF CONFIRMATION						
24	At the hearing on confirmation, the Bankruptcy Court will determine whether the						
25	provisions of Section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code have been satisfied. If all of the						
26	provisions of Section 1129 are met, the Bankruptcy Court may enter an order confirming the						

Code, that it has complied or will have complied with all of the requirements of Chapter 11, and that the Plan has been proposed and is made in good faith.

Plan. Debtor believes the Plan satisfies all the requirements of Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy

With respect to Berman's Plan, the "Absolute Priority Rule" will apply in the event that all of the following occur: (1) Debtors are unsuccessful on their appeal, (2) the Class Action Creditors do not accept the Plan, (3) the Class Action Claims are not fully paid by B. & J., and (4) the remainder of the Class Action Claims are not paid in full from the Berman Unsecured Claims Fund. The Absolute Priority Rule provides that unsecured creditors in a dissenting impaired class must be satisfied in full before the debtor is allowed to retain any property under the plan. In Berman's case, Berman proposes to retain approximately \$97,665.13 of non-exempt property. Specifically, the non-exempt portion of equity in his residence, and the amount of cash Berman held on hand and in his checking account on the Petition Date. In the event the Absolute Priority Rule applies, Berman proposes to obtain a loan from family or from a financial institution to pay the Class Action Claims the lesser of \$98,000, or the amount needed to pay the remaining balance of the Class Action ClaiMs. See Section 7.7 of the Plan.

#### C. CRAMDOWN

A Court may confirm a Plan, even if it is not accepted by all impaired classes, if the Plan has been accepted by at least one impaired class of claims and the Plan meets the cramdown requirements set forth in Section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. In the event any impaired Class of Claims does not accept the Plan, Debtor hereby requests the Bankruptcy Court to confirm the Plan in accordance with Section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise permit Debtors to modify the Plan.

#### D. FEASIBILITY

Debtors believe that confirmation of the Plan is not likely to be followed by the liquidation of either of the Reorganized Debtors or a need for a further financial

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reorganization of Reorganized Debtors. The projections of B. & J.'s post-confirmation business, attached hereto as **Exhibit 1**, show sufficient earnings and cash flow from operations to support and meet the ongoing financial needs of Reorganized B. & J. The projections indicate that the Plan as proposed by Debtors is feasible and that Reorganized Debtors will be financially viable after confirmation of the Plan or B. & J. shall liquidate. The ultimate payout to the Class Action Creditors will be dependent on the result of the state court appeals. If the Class Action Creditors prevail in full, then the likely result is that B. & J. will be liquidated. The Plan provides for such a liquidation and, as such, it is feasible even if Debtors do not prevail on the appeal.

#### E. CONFIRMATION REQUIREMENTS FOR INDIVIDUAL DEBTOR

To confirm the Plan, the Court must find that "the value of the property to be distributed under the plan is not less than the projected disposable income of Debtor (as defined in Section 1325(b)(2)) to be received during the five-year period beginning on the date the first payment is due under the Plan, or during the period for which the Plan provides payments, whichever is longer." 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(15)(B). The Plan proposes to pay Berman's creditors from the Berman Unsecured Claims Fund, which will be funded with Berman's projected disposable income (as defined in Section 1325(b)(2)) to be received by Berman during the five-year period beginning on the Effective Date. See **Exhibit 2**, attached hereto. The Plan therefore complies with Section 1129(a)(15)(B).

#### F. ALTERNATIVES TO CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN

If a Plan is not confirmed, Debtors or another party-in-interest may attempt to formulate or propose a different Plan or Plans of Reorganization. Such Plans might involve a reorganization and continuation of B. & J.'s business, a sale of B. & J.'s business as a going concern, an orderly liquidation of B. & J.'s assets, or any combination thereof. If no Plan of Reorganization is determined by the Bankruptcy Court to be confirmable, the Chapter 11 case may be converted to a liquidation proceeding under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code.

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	In a liquidation, a Chapter 7 Trustee would be appointed with the purpose of							
li	iquidating the assets of Debtors. Typically, in liquidation, assets are sold for less than their							
g	going concern value and, accordingly, the return to Creditors and Interest holders is less than							
th	he return in a reorganization, which derives the value to be distributed in a Plan from the							
b	ousiness as a going concern. Proceeds from liquidation would be distributed to Creditors and							
Ir	nterest holders of Debtors in accordance with the priorities set forth in the Bankruptcy Code.							
	Debtors believe there is no currently available alternative that would offer holders of							
C	Claims and Interests in Debtors greater than the Plan and urges all parties entitled to vote on							
th	he Plan to vote to accept the Plan.							
X	KI. CONCLUSION							
	Please read this Disclosure Statement and the Plan carefully. After reviewing all the							
ir	information and making an informed decision, please vote by using the enclosed ballot.							
DATED this 8th day of October, 2019.								
Respectfully submitted,								
	B. & J. PROPERTY INVESTMENTS, INC.							
	By <u>/s/ William J. Berman</u>							
	William J. Berman, President							
	By <u>/s/ William J. Berman</u> William J. Berman, Personally							

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Presented by:
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     EXHIBITS ATTACHED:
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                   B. & J. Financial Projections
     Exhibit 1:
17
                   Berman Projected Disposable Income Calculation
     Exhibit 2:
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Page 40 of 40 - DEBTORS' AMENDED JOINT DISCLOSURE STATEMENT (OCTOBER 8, 2019)

# EXHIBIT 1

## **B. & J. FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS**

B&J Property Investments Budget Forecast 2019	nvestn	nents	Budge	t Fore	cast 2	019	
	Jul-19	Aug-19	Sep-19	Oct-19	Nov-19	Dec-19	TOTALS
INCOINE R V. SDACE RENTS	\$66.75A	¢66 754	\$66 75A	\$66.75A	¢66 754	¢66 754	\$400 524
SPACE ELECTRIC	\$8.000			\$8,000	\$8,000	\$8,000	\$48,000
MINI STORAGE RENTS	\$18,375	403	<b>U</b> F	\$18,375	\$18,375	\$18,375	\$110,250
STORE INCOME	\$325	\$325	\$325	\$325	\$325	\$325	\$1,950
	\$93,454	\$93,454	\$93,454	\$93,454	\$93,454	\$93,454	\$560,724
EXPENSES							
STORAGE RENT/DEP REFUND	\$20	\$70	\$70	\$70	\$20	\$20	\$420
RV RENT/DEP REFUND	\$180			\$180	\$180	\$180	\$1,080
SPACE ELECTRICITY	\$9,300	\$9,300	\$9,300	\$9,300	\$9,300	\$9,300	\$55,800
MISC	\$554	\$554	\$554	\$554	\$554	\$554	\$3,321
FACILITY ELECTRICITY	\$604	\$604	\$604	\$604	\$604	\$604	\$3,622
NW GAS	\$330	\$330	\$330	\$330	\$330	\$330	\$1,979
WATER/SEWER	\$2,796			\$2,796	\$2,796	\$2,796	\$16,779
CABEL TV	\$3,134	Š	Š	\$3,134	\$3,134	\$3,134	\$18,807
TELEPHONE	\$400		\$400	\$400	\$400	\$400	\$2,400
TELEPHONE AD	\$298			\$298	\$298	\$298	\$1,790
GARBAGE	\$2,346	Š	Ş	\$2,346	\$2,346	\$2,346	\$14,076
OFFICE SUPPLY	\$273	\$273	\$273	\$273	\$273	\$273	\$1,635
SCREENINGS	\$132		\$132	\$132	\$132	\$132	\$790
MAINTENANCE	\$1,121	\$1,1	\$1,121	\$1,121	\$1,121	\$1,121	\$6,728
ADS	\$6		\$6	\$\$	\$6	\$6	\$34
FREIGHT/POSTAGE	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
RECREATION	\$145			\$145	\$145	\$145	\$870
STORE STOCK	\$200	\$200	\$200	\$200	\$200	\$200	\$1,200
MANAGEMENT FEES	\$29,000	S	٠,	\$29,000	\$29,000	\$29,000	\$174,000
MEDICAL	\$3,503	Ş	\$	\$3,503	\$3,503	\$3,503	\$21,017
AUTO	\$320			\$320	\$350	\$320	\$2,100
LEGAL/ACCOUNTING	\$2,000	\$5,0	\$2,0	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$12,000
INSURANCE	\$0		\$0	\$14,000	\$0	\$0	\$14,000
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS	\$0	٠,		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$15,000
CONTINGENCY FUND	\$7,300	\$7,300	\$7,3	\$7,300	\$7,300	\$7,300	\$43,800
PROPERTY TAXES	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$64,000	\$0	\$0	\$64,000
	64,041	79,041	64,041	142,041	64,041	64,041	477,247
SECURED LENDER	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$84,481
	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$84,481
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	\$78,121	\$93,121	\$78,121	\$156,121	\$78,121	\$78,121	\$561,728
OPERATING INCOME	\$15,333	\$333	\$15,333	-\$62,667	\$15,333	\$15,333	-\$1,004

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	Jan-20	Feb-20	Mar-20	Apr-20	May-20	Jun-20	Jul-20	Aug-20	Sep-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	TOTALS
INCOME													
R.V. SPACE RENTS	\$66,754	\$66,754	\$66,754	\$66,754	\$66,754	\$68,089	\$72,135	\$72,135	\$72,135	\$72,135	\$72,135	\$72,135	\$834,669
SPACE ELECTRIC	\$8,000		\$8,000	\$8,000	\$8,000	\$8,160	\$8,160	\$8,160	\$8,160	\$8,160	\$8,160	\$8,160	\$97,120
MINI STORAGE RENTS	\$18,375	\$18,375	\$18,375	\$18,375	\$18,375	\$18,375	\$18,375	\$18,375	\$18,375	\$18,375		\$18,375	\$220,500
STORE INCOME	\$325		\$325	\$325	\$325	\$325	\$325	\$325	\$325	\$325		\$325	\$3,900
	\$93,454	\$93,454	\$93,454	\$93,454	\$93,454	\$94,949	\$98,995	\$98,995	\$98,995	\$98,995	\$66'86\$	\$ 66,86\$	\$1,156,189
EXPENSES													
STORAGE RENT/DEP REFUND	\$70	\$71	\$71	\$71	\$71	\$71	\$71	\$71	\$71	\$71	\$71	\$71	\$855
RV RENT/DEP REFUND	\$180	\$184	\$184	\$184	\$184	\$184	\$184	\$184	\$184	\$184	\$184	\$184	\$2,200
SPACE ELECTRICITY	\$9,300	\$9,300	\$9,300	\$9,300	\$9,300	\$9,486	\$9,486	\$9,486	\$9,486	\$9,486	\$9,486	\$9,486	\$112,902
MISC	\$554	\$265	\$265	\$265	\$265	\$265	\$265	\$265	\$265	\$265	\$265	\$265	\$6,765
FACILITY ELECTRICITY	\$604	\$616	\$616	\$616	\$616	\$616	\$616	\$616	\$616	\$616	\$616	\$616	\$7,377
NW GAS	\$330	\$336	\$336	\$336	\$336	\$336	\$336	\$336	\$336	\$336	\$336	\$336	\$4,030
WATER/SEWER	\$2,796		\$2,852	\$2,852	\$2,852	\$2,852	\$2,852	\$2,852	\$2,852	\$2,852	\$2,852	\$2,852	\$34,172
CABEL TV	\$3,134	Ś	\$3,197	\$3,197	\$3,197	\$3,197	\$3,197	\$3,197	\$3,197	\$3,197	\$3,197	\$3,197	\$38,303
TELEPHONE	\$400	\$408	\$408	\$408	\$408	\$408	\$408	\$408	\$408	\$408	\$408	\$408	\$4,888
TELEPHONE AD	\$298		\$304	\$304	\$304	\$304	\$304	\$304	\$304	\$304	\$304	\$304	\$3,645
GARBAGE	\$2,346	Ś	\$2,393	\$2,393	\$2,393	\$2,393	\$2,393	\$2,393	\$2,393	\$2,393	\$2,393	\$2,393	\$28,668
OFFICE SUPPLY	\$273	\$278	\$278	\$278	\$278	\$278	\$278	\$278	\$278	\$278	\$278	\$278	\$3,331
SCREENINGS	\$132	\$134	\$134	\$134	\$134	\$134	\$134	\$134	\$134	\$134	\$134	\$134	\$1,609
MAINTENANCE	\$1,121	\$1,144	\$1,144	\$1,144	\$1,144	\$1,144	\$1,144	\$1,144	\$1,144	\$1,144	\$1,144	\$1,144	\$13,702
ADS	\$\$	\$6	\$6	\$6	\$6	\$6	\$6	9\$	\$\$	\$6	\$\$	\$6	69\$
FREIGHT/POSTAGE	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
RECREATION	\$145		\$148	\$148	\$148	\$148	\$148	\$148	\$148	\$148	\$148	\$148	\$1,772
STORE STOCK	\$200	\$204	\$204	\$204	\$204	\$204	\$204	\$204	\$204	\$204	\$204	\$204	\$2,444
MANAGEMENT FEES	\$29,000	\$29,580	\$29,580	\$29,580	\$29,580	\$29,580	\$29,580	\$29,580	\$29,580	\$29,580	\$29,580	\$29,580	\$354,380
MEDICAL	\$3,503	\$3,503	\$4,028	\$4,028	\$4,028	\$4,028	\$4,028	\$4,028	\$4,028	\$4,028	\$4,028	\$4,028	\$47,288
AUTO	\$320	\$357	\$327	\$357	\$327	\$357	\$357	\$357	\$357	\$357	\$357	\$357	\$4,277
LEGAL/ACCOUNTING	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$24,000
INSURANCE	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$14,500	\$0	\$0	\$14,500
<b>CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS</b>	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$85,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$85,000
CONTINGENCY FUND	\$8,800	\$8,800	\$8,800	\$8,800	\$8,800	\$8,800	\$8,800	\$8,800	\$8,800	\$8,800	\$8,800	\$8,800	\$105,600
PROPERTY TAXES	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$66,000	\$0	\$0	\$66,000
	\$65,541	\$66,380	\$66,905	\$06'99\$	\$66,905	\$67,091	\$67,091	\$152,091	; 160'29\$	\$147,591	\$67,091	\$67,091	\$967,777
SECURED LENDER	\$14,080	\$14,080 \$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$168,962
	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$168,962
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	\$79,621	\$80,460	\$80,985	\$80,985	\$80,985	\$81,171	\$81,171	\$166,171	\$81,171	\$161,671	\$81,171	\$81,171	\$1,136,738
OPERATING INCOME	\$13,833	\$12,994	\$12,469	\$12,469	\$12,469	\$13,778	\$17,824	\$12,994 \$12,469 \$12,469 \$12,469 \$13,778 \$17,824 -\$67,176 \$17,824		-\$62,676 \$17,824 \$17,824	\$17,824	\$17,824	\$19,451

**B&J Property Investments Budget Forecast 2021** 

BMCON	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	TOTALS
R.V. SPACE RENTS SPACE ELECTRIC MINI STORAGE RENTS STORE INCOME	\$72,135 \$8,160 \$18,375 \$325 \$98,995	\$72,135 \$8,160 \$18,375 \$325 \$98,995	\$72,135 \$8,160 \$18,375 \$325 \$98,995	\$72,135 \$8,160 \$18,375 \$325 \$98,995	\$72,135 \$8,160 \$18,375 \$325 \$98,995	\$73,578 \$8,323 \$18,743 \$325 \$100,968	\$73,578 \$8,323 \$18,743 \$325 \$100,968	\$73,578 \$8,323 \$18,743 \$325 \$100,968	\$73,578 \$8,323 \$18,743 \$325 \$100,968	\$73,578 \$8,323 \$18,743 \$325 \$100,968	\$73,578 \$8,323 \$18,743 \$325 \$100,968	\$73,578 \$8,323 \$18,743 \$325 \$100,968	\$875,719 \$99,062 \$223,073 \$3,900 \$1,201,754
EXPENSES STORAGE RENT/DEP REFUND RV RENT/DEP REFUND SPACE ELECTRICITY MISC FACILITY ELECTRICITY NW GAS WATER/SEWER CABEL TV TELEPHONE TELEPHONE TELEPHONE TELEPHONE AD GARBAGE OFFICE SUPPLY SCREENINGS MAINTENANCE ADS FREIGHT/POSTAGE RECREATION STORE STOCK MANAGEMENT FEES MEDICAL AUTO LEGAL/ACCOUNTING INSURANCE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS CONTINGENCY FUND PROPERTY TAXES	\$71 \$184 \$9,486 \$565 \$616 \$336 \$2,852 \$3,197 \$408 \$304 \$1,144 \$1,144 \$1,144 \$1,144 \$2,393 \$204 \$20,580 \$4,028 \$3,57 \$2,000 \$2,00	\$73 \$9,486 \$576 \$528 \$343 \$2,909 \$3,261 \$416 \$310 \$2,441 \$	\$73 \$187 \$9,486 \$576 \$528 \$3,261 \$416 \$310 \$2,441 \$137 \$1,167 \$1,	\$73 \$187 \$9,486 \$576 \$576 \$2,209 \$3,261 \$416 \$3,3261 \$2,441 \$2,46	\$73 \$187 \$9,486 \$576 \$628 \$343 \$2,909 \$3,261 \$2,441 \$2,441 \$2,441 \$2,441 \$2,441 \$1,167	\$73 \$187 \$9,676 \$576 \$528 \$343 \$2,909 \$3,261 \$2,441 \$2,441 \$2,441 \$2,441 \$2,441 \$2,441 \$1,167	\$73 \$9,676 \$576 \$576 \$528 \$343 \$2,909 \$3,261 \$416 \$310 \$2,441 \$2,441 \$2,441 \$2,441 \$2,28 \$3,172 \$4,632 \$3,600 \$3,6	\$73 \$187 \$9,676 \$576 \$628 \$343 \$2,909 \$3,261 \$416 \$310 \$2,441 \$2,441 \$1,167 \$1,167 \$1,167 \$1,167 \$1,167 \$1,167 \$1,37 \$1,167 \$1,37 \$1,167 \$1,37 \$1,167 \$2,84 \$3,200 \$3,000	\$73 \$187 \$9,676 \$576 \$528 \$343 \$2,909 \$3,261 \$416 \$1,167 \$	\$73 \$187 \$9,676 \$576 \$628 \$343 \$2,909 \$3,261 \$416 \$310 \$2,441 \$2,441 \$1,167 \$2,000 \$1,500 \$2,500 \$2,	\$73 \$187 \$9,676 \$576 \$528 \$343 \$2,909 \$3,261 \$2,441 \$2,441 \$2,441 \$2,441 \$2,441 \$2,441 \$2,441 \$2,441 \$1,167 \$1,167 \$1,167 \$1,167 \$1,167 \$1,167 \$1,167 \$1,167 \$1,167 \$1,167 \$1,167 \$1,167 \$2,000 \$3,600	\$73 \$187 \$9,676 \$576 \$528 \$343 \$2,909 \$3,261 \$4,167 \$1,167	\$873 \$2,244 \$115,160 \$6,900 \$7,525 \$4,110 \$34,856 \$39,069 \$4,986 \$3,718 \$29,242 \$3,377 \$1,641 \$13,976 \$13,976 \$2,493 \$24,387 \$2,493 \$24,363 \$24,363 \$24,363 \$24,363 \$24,360 \$110,000 \$1
SECURED LENDER	\$14,080	14,080 \$14,080 14,080 \$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$14,080	\$168,962
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES OPERATING INCOME	\$81,571	\$82,427	\$83,031	\$83,031	\$103,031	\$83,221	\$83,221 \$	\$173,221	\$83,221	\$166,201	\$83,221	\$83,221	\$1,188,616 \$13,138

# EXHIBIT 2

# BERMAN PROJECTED DISPOSABLE INCOME CALCULATION

Fill in this inform	nation to identify your case:
Debtor 1	William John Berman
Debtor 2 (Spouse, if filing)	
United States E	Sankruptcy Court for the: District of Oregon
Case number (if known)	19-60230-pcm11

Check	as directed in lines 17 and 21:
	ording to the calculations required by this tement:
	1. Disposable income is not determined under 11 U.S.C. § 1325(b)(3).
•	Disposable income is determined under 11 U.S.C. § 1325(b)(3).
	3. The commitment period is 3 years.
	4. The commitment period is 5 years.

#### ☐ Check if this is an amended filing

#### Official Form 122C-1

#### **Chapter 13 Statement of Your Current Monthly Income** and Calculation of Commitment Period

12/15

Be as complete and accurate as possible. If two married people are filing together, both are equally responsible for being accurate. If more space is needed, attach a separate sheet to this form. Include the line number to which the additional information applies. On the top of any additional pages, write your name and case number (if known).

#### Calculate Your Average Monthly Income 1. What is your marital and filing status? Check one only. □ Not married. Fill out Column A, lines 2-11. Married. Fill out both Columns A and B, lines 2-11. Fill in the average monthly income that you received from all sources, derived during the 6 full months before you file this bankruptcy case. 11 U.S.C. § 101(10A). For example, if you are filing on September 15, the 6-month period would be March 1 through August 31. If the amount of your monthly income varied during the 6 months, add the income for all 6 months and divide the total by 6. Fill in the result. Do not include any income amount more than once. For example, if both spouses own the same rental property, put the income from that property in one column only. If you have nothing to report for any line, write \$0 in the space. Column A Column B Debtor 1 Debtor 2 or non-filing spouse 2. Your gross wages, salary, tips, bonuses, overtime, and commissions (before all 6,400.00 6,400.00 payroll deductions). Alimony and maintenance payments. Do not include payments from a spouse if 0.00 0.00 Column B is filled in. 4. All amounts from any source which are regularly paid for household expenses of you or your dependents, including child support. Include regular contributions from an unmarried partner, members of your household, your dependents, parents, and roommates. Do not include payments from a spouse. Do not include payments 0.00 0.00 Net income from operating a business, Debtor 1 profession, or farm \$ 0.00 Gross receipts (before all deductions) 0.00 Ordinary and necessary operating expenses 0.00 Copy here -> \$ 0.00 0.00 Net monthly income from a business, profession, or farm \$ 6. Net income from rental and other real property Debtor 1 \$ 0.00 Gross receipts (before all deductions) -\$ 0.00

Chapter 13 Statement of Your Current Monthly Income and Calculation of Commitment Period Official Form 122C-1

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page 1

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Ordinary and necessary operating expenses

Net monthly income from rental or other real property

Best Case Bankruptcy

0.00

0.00

\$

0.00 Copy here -> \$

Official Form 122C-1 Chapter 13 Statement of Your Current Monthly Income and Calculation of Commitment Period

page 2

William John Berman Case number (if known) 19-60230-pcm11 Debtor 1 16. Calculate the median family income that applies to you. Follow these steps: 16a. Fill in the state in which you live. OR 16b. Fill in the number of people in your household. 2 66,745.00 16c. Fill in the median family income for your state and size of household. To find a list of applicable median income amounts, go online using the link specified in the separate instructions for this form. This list may also be available at the bankruptcy clerk's office. 17. How do the lines compare? Line 15b is less than or equal to line 16c. On the top of page 1 of this form, check box 1, Disposable income is not determined under 11 U.S.C. § 1325(b)(3). Go to Part 3. Do NOT fill out Calculation of Your Disposable Income (Official Form 122C-2). Line 15b is more than line 16c. On the top of page 1 of this form, check box 2, Disposable income is determined under 11 U.S.C. § 1325(b)(3). Go to Part 3 and fill out Calculation of Your Disposable Income (Official Form 122C-2). On line 39 of that form, copy your current monthly income from line 14 above. Part 3: Calculate Your Commitment Period Under 11 U.S.C. § 1325(b)(4) 18. Copy your total average monthly income from line 11. \$ 14,043.00 19. Deduct the marital adjustment if it applies. If you are married, your spouse is not filing with you, and you contend that calculating the commitment period under 11 U.S.C. § 1325(b)(4) allows you to deduct part of your spouse's income, copy the amount from line 13. 1,800.00 19a. If the marital adjustment does not apply, fill in 0 on line 19a. 12,243.00 19b. Subtract line 19a from line 18. 20. Calculate your current monthly income for the year. Follow these steps: 12,243.00 20a. Copy line 19b Multiply by 12 (the number of months in a year). **x** 12 20b. The result is your current monthly income for the year for this part of the form 146,916.00 20c. Copy the median family income for your state and size of household from line 16c 66,745.00 21. How do the lines compare? Line 20b is less than line 20c. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, on the top of page 1 of this form, check box 3, The commitment period is 3 years. Go to Part 4. Line 20b is more than or equal to line 20c. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, on the top of page 1 of this form, check box 4, The commitment period is 5 years. Go to Part 4.

Chapter 13 Statement of Your Current Monthly Income and Calculation of Commitment Period Official Form 122C-1

page 3

Fill in this information to identify your case:	
Debtor 1 William John Berman	
Debtor 2	
(Spouse, if filing)	
United States Bankruptcy Court for the: District of Oregon	
Case number (if known) 19-60230-pcm11	☐ Check if this is an amended filing
Official Form 122C-2	
Chapter 13 Calculation of Your Disposable Ir	ncome 04/16
To fill out this form, you will need your completed copy of <i>Chapter 13 Stateme Commitment Period</i> (Official Form 122C-1).  Be as complete and accurate as possible. If two married people are filing toge	·
space is needed, attach a separate sheet to this form, Include the line number additional pages, write your name and case number (if known).	
Part 1: Calculate Your Deductions from Your Income	
The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) issues National and Local Standards fo the questions in lines 6-15. To find the IRS standards, go online using the I information may also be available at the bankruptcy clerk's office.	
Deduct the expense amounts set out in lines 6-15 regardless of your actual expe expenses if they are higher than the standards. Do not include any operating exp 122C–1, and do not deduct any amounts that you subtracted from your spouse's	enses that you subtracted from income in lines 5 and 6 of Form
If your expenses differ from month to month, enter the average expense.	
Note: Line numbers 1-4 are not used in this form. These numbers apply to inform	nation required by a similar form used in chapter 7 cases.
5. The number of people used in determining your deductions from incomparison of the number of people used in determining your deductions from incomparison of the number of people used in determining your deductions from incomparison of the number of people used in determining your deductions from incomparison of the number of people used in determining your deductions from incomparison of the number of people used in determining your deductions from incomparison of the number of people used in determining your deductions from incomparison of the number of people used in determining your deductions from incomparison of the number of the n	me
Fill in the number of people who could be claimed as exemptions on your fe plus the number of any additional dependents whom you support. This num the number of people in your household.	
National Standards You must use the IRS National Standards to answ	ver the questions in lines 6-7.
<ol> <li>Food, clothing, and other items: Using the number of people you entered Standards, fill in the dollar amount for food, clothing, and other items.</li> </ol>	in line 5 and the IRS National \$
7. Out-of-pocket health care allowance: Using the number of people you en the dollar amount for out-of-pocket health care. The number of people is sp people who are 65 or olderbecause older people have a higher IRS allowa higher than this IRS amount, you may deduct the additional amount on line	it into two categoriespeople who are under 65 and ance for health car costs. If your actual expenses are

Official Form 122C-2

Chapter 13 Calculation of Your Disposable Income

page 1

Best Case Bankruptcy

Debtor 1	٧	Villiam John Berman			Case number (if known)	19-60230-ро	:m11
Pec	ple v	vho are under 65 years of age					
	7a.	Out-of-pocket health care allowance per person	\$	52			
	7b.	Number of people who are under 65	X	2			
	7c.	Subtotal. Multiply line 7a by line 7b.	\$	104.00	Copy here=> \$	104.00	
Pec	ple v	vho are 65 years of age or older					
	7d.	Out-of-pocket health care allowance per person	\$	114			
	7e.	Number of people who are 65 or older	X	0			
	7f.	Subtotal. Multiply line 7d by line 7e.	\$	0.00	Copy here=> \$	0.00	
	7g.	Total. Add line 7c and line 7f		\$	104.00	Copy total here=>	\$ 104.00
	rg.	Total. Add line 70 and line 71		Ψ	104.00	copy total nere=>	104.00
Loc	al St	andards You must use the IRS Local Standards t	o answar th	e auestions in l	lings 8-15		
		n information from the IRS, the U.S. Trustee Pro		•		nousing for	
bankruptcy purposes into two parts:							
Housing and utilities - Insurance and operating expenses							
		ing and utilities - Mortgage or rent expenses					
		rer the questions in lines 8-9, use the U.S. Truste instructions for this form. This chart may also b				using the link sp	ecified in the
8.	Ηου	using and utilities - Insurance and operating expense dollar amount listed for your county for insurance	enses: Usin	ng the number o		in line 5, fill \$	551.00
9.	Ηοι	using and utilities - Mortgage or rent expenses:	·				
	9a.	Using the number of people you entered in line 5, 1 listed for your county for mortgage or rent expense		lar amount	\$	1,202.00	
	9b.	Total average monthly payment for all mortgages a	and other de	ebts secured by	your home.		
		To calculate the total average monthly payment, accontractually due to each secured creditor in the 60 for bankruptcy. Next divide by 60.					
		Name of the creditor		rage monthly ment			
		Quicken Loans Inc.	\$	2,850.00	)		
					Сору		Repeat this amount
		9b. Total average monthly paymer	nt  \$	2,850.00	here=> -\$	2,850.00	on line 33a.
	9c.	Net mortgage or rent expense.					
		Subtract line 9b (total average monthly payment) fror rent expense). If this number is less than \$0, en		(mortgage	\$	0.00 Copy here=>	\$
10.		ou claim that the U.S. Trustee Program's division				orrect and	\$ 0.00
		plain why:	•		-		
		• -					

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Chapter 13 Calculation of Your Disposable Income

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Best Case Bankruptcy

ebtor 1	Willia	m John Berman		Case number (if known)	19-60230-pcm11	
11.	Local tra	nsportation expenses: Check the number of vehic	les for which you claim	an ownership or ope	erating expense.	
	□ 0. Go	to line 14.				
	_	to line 12.				
	_	ore. Go to line 12.				
		pperation expense: Using the IRS Local Standards expenses, fill in the <i>Operating Costs</i> that apply for y				436.00
	You may	ownership or lease expense: Using the IRS Local so not claim the expense if you do not make any loan on the two vehicles.				
Veh	nicle 1	Describe Vehicle 1:				
13a.	Ownershi	p or leasing costs using IRS Local Standard		\$ 0.	.00	
13b.	Average i	monthly payment for all debts secured by Vehicle 1.				
	Do not in	clude costs for leased vehicles.				
	are contra	ate the average monthly payment here and on line 1 actually due to each secured creditor in the 60 month cy. Then divide by 60.	,	at		
	Nam	ne of each creditor for Vehicle 1	Average monthly payment			
	-NO	NE-	\$			
		Total Average Monthly Payment	\$0.00	Copy here => -\$	Repeat this amount on line 33b.	
		cle 1 ownership or lease expense line 13b from line 13a. if the numbert is less than \$0,	enter \$0		Copy net Vehicle 1 expense here => \$	0.00
Veh	nicle 2	Describe Vehicle 2:				
13d.	Ownershi	p or leasing costs using IRS Local Standard		\$ 0.	.00	
	Average i leased ve	monthly payment for all debts secured by Vehicle 2. shicles.	Do not include costs for	r		
	Nam	ne of each creditor for Vehicle 2	Average monthly payment			
	-NO	NE-	\$			
		Total average monthly payment	\$0.00	Copy here => -\$	0.00 Repeat this amount on line 33c.	
13f.	Net Vehic	cle 2 ownership or lease expense			Copy net	
	Subtract I	line 13e from line 13d. if this number is less than \$0,	enter \$0		.00 Vehicle 2 expense here => \$	0.00
		ansportation expense: If you claimed 0 vehicles i ransportation expense allowance regardless of w			, fill in the	0.00
	also dedu	al public transportation expense: If you claimed 1 act a public transportation expense, you may fill in whore than the IRS Local Standard for <i>Public Transp</i>	hat you believe is the ap			0.00

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Chapter 13 Calculation of Your Disposable Income

page 3 Best Case Bankruptcy

Debtor 1 William John Berman Case number (if known) 19-60230-pcm11

Oth	er Necessary Expenses	In addition to the evnence	deductio	ns listed above	you are allowed your monthly expense	es for			
Oth	er Necessary Expenses	the following IRS categorie		ris listed above,	you are allowed your monthly expense	5 101			
16.	<b>Taxes:</b> The total monthly a self-employment taxes, so your pay for these taxes. Hand subtract that number f		2 800 00						
	Do not include real estate,	\$	2,800.00						
17.	Involuntary deductions: contributions, union dues,								
	Do not include amounts the	\$	0.00						
18.	<b>Life Insurance:</b> The total filing together, include pay Do not include premiums for life insurance other than	\$	500.00						
19.	Court-ordered payments agency, such as spousal of	by the order of a court or administrative	ł						
	Do not include payments of	on past due obligations for s	pousal or	child support. \	You will list these obligations in line 35.	\$	0.00		
20.	Education: The total month	thly amount that you pay for	educatio	n that is either r	required:				
	as a condition for your j	job, or							
	for your physically or m	entally challenged depende	nt child if	no public educa	ation is available for similar services.	\$	0.00		
21.		hly amount that you pay for or any elementary or second			itting, daycare, nursery, and preschool.	\$	0.00		
22.			\$	296.00					
23.	Optional telephone and to for you and your depender phone service, to the exter income, if it is not reimburs. Do not include payments frexpenses, such as those r	+\$	330.00						
24	•	allowed under the IRS exp		•	ount you previously deducted.	\$	6,219.00		
۷٦.	Add lines 6 through 23.	anowed under the into exp	ense and	wances.			,		
Add	itional Expense Deduction	ns These are additional	deduction	ns allowed by th	ne Means Test.				
25.					ses. The monthly expenses for health ly necessary for yourself, your spouse,	or			
	Health insurance		\$	0.00					
	Disability insurance		\$	0.00					
	Health savings account								
	Total		\$	500.00	Copy total here=>	\$	500.00		
	Do you actually spend this								
	□ No. How much do								
	Yes		\$						
26.	6. Continued contributions to the care of household or family members. The actual monthly expenses that you will continue to pay for the reasonable and necessary care and support of an elderly, chronically ill, or disabled member of your household or member of your immediate family who is unable to pay for such expenses. These expenses may								
07		account of a qualified ABLE		•	` '	\$	0.00		
2/.					nses that you incur to maintain the es Act or other federal laws that apply.				
	By law, the court must kee	\$	0.00						

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Chapter 13 Calculation of Your Disposable Income

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Exhibit 2, Page 7 of 10

<ul> <li>28. Additional home energy costs. Your home energy costs are included in your insural line 8.</li> <li>If you believe that you have home energy costs that are more than the home energy 8, then fill in the excess amount of home energy costs.</li> <li>You must give your case trustee documentation of your actual expenses, and you me amount claimed is reasonable and necessary.</li> <li>29. Education expenses for dependent children who are younger than 18. The mon \$160.42* per child) that you pay for your dependent children who are younger than 1 public elementary or secondary school.</li> </ul>	costs included in e	xpenses on		
<ul> <li>8, then fill in the excess amount of home energy costs.</li> <li>You must give your case trustee documentation of your actual expenses, and you must amount claimed is reasonable and necessary.</li> <li>29. Education expenses for dependent children who are younger than 18. The mon \$160.42* per child) that you pay for your dependent children who are younger than 1</li> </ul>	nust show that the a	dditional		
<ul> <li>amount claimed is reasonable and necessary.</li> <li>29. Education expenses for dependent children who are younger than 18. The mon \$160.42* per child) that you pay for your dependent children who are younger than 1</li> </ul>	nthly expenses (not		\$	
\$160.42* per child) that you pay for your dependent children who are younger than 1			_	0.00
	18 years old to atter		or	
You must give your case trustee documentation of your actual expenses, and you muclaimed is reasonable and necessary and not already accounted for in lines 6-23.	ust explain why the	amount		
* Subject to adjustment on 4/01/19, and every 3 years after that for cases begun on c	or after the date of	adjustment.	\$	0.00
30. Additional food and clothing expense. The monthly amount by which your actual f higher than the combined food and clothing allowances in the IRS National Standard than 5% of the food and clothing allowances in the IRS National Standards.				
To find a chart showing the maximum additional allowance, go online using the link s instructions for this form. This chart may also be available at the bankruptcy clerk's o		arate		
You must show that the additional amount claimed is reasonable and necessary.			\$	39.00
31. <b>Continuing charitable contributions.</b> The amount that you will continue to contributions instruments to a religious or charitable organization. 11 U.S.C. § 548(d)(3) and (4).	ute in the form of ca	sh or financi	al	
Do not include any amount more than 15% of your gross monthly income.			\$	0.00
<ol> <li>Add all of the additional expense deductions.</li> <li>Add lines 25 through 31.</li> </ol>			\$	539.00
Deductions for Debt Payment				
33. For debts that are secured by an interest in property that you own, including hor loans, and other secured debt, fill in lines 33a through 33e. To calculate the total average monthly payment, add all amounts that are contractually creditor in the 60 months after you file for bankruptcy. Then divide by 60.				
Mortgages on your home			Averag	e monthly
33a. Copy line 9b here		=:	•	2,850.00
Loans on your first two vehicles				
33b. Copy line 13b here		=>	> \$	0.00
33c. Copy line 13e here			> \$	0.00
33d. List other secured debts				
Name of each creditor for other secured debt  Identify property that secures the debt	inc	es payment lude taxes nsurance?		
		No		
-NONE-		Yes	\$	
		No		
		Yes	\$	
			· —	
		No		
		No Yes +	\$	
	_	Yes +		
33e. Total average monthly payment. Add lines 33a through 33d		Yes +	\$oppy tal \$	2,850.00

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Best Case Bankruptcy

Best Case Bankruptcy

Exhibit 2, Page 8 of 10

Debtor 1	Willi	am John Berman			Case	e number (if known)	19-60230-	pcm11
		debts that you listed in lin property necessary for yo				,		
	No.	Go to line 35.						
[		State any amount that you listed in line 33, to keep po Next, divide by 60 and fill in	ssession of your property (					
Nan	ne of the	creditor	Identify property that sec	ures the debt		Total cure amoun		Monthly cure amount
-NO	ONE-				\$		÷ 60 = \$	
					Total	\$0	.00 Copy total here=	> \$0.00
		owe any priority claims - s due as of the filing date o				at		
	No.	Go to line 36.						
[	☐ Yes.	Fill in the total amount of a ongoing priority claims, such			e current or			
		Total amount of all past-d	ue priority claims			\$0	. <b>00</b> ÷ 60	\$0.00
36. <b>F</b>	rojecte	d monthly Chapter 13 plar	payment			\$		
tl T	Office of he Exector o find a li	nultiplier for your district as a the United States Courts (fo utive Office for United States ist of district multipliers that inclu- nstructions for this form. This lis	r districts in Alabama and I s Trustees (for all other dis des your district, go online usi	North Carolir tricts). ng the link spe	na) or by	x	Copy tot	-1
A	verage	monthly administrative expe	nse			\$	here=>	
37.		of the deductions for debes 33e through 36.	t payment.					\$2,850.00
Tota	l Deduc	tions from Income						
38. <b>A</b>	Add all c	of the allowed deductions.						
	Copy lir	ne 24, All of the expenses alle allowances	lowed under IRS	\$	6,219.00	_		
	Copy lir	ne 32, All of the additional ex	pense deductions	\$	539.00	_		
	Copy lir	ne 37, All of the deductions t	or debt payment	+\$	2,850.00			
	Total de	eductions		\$	9,608.00	Copy total he	re=>	\$9,608.00

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Chapter 13 Calculation of Your Disposable Income

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Best Case Bankruptcy

Debtor 1	Will	iam John B	Berman		Cas	ise numbe	er (if known)	19-60	)230-pcm11	
Part 2	De	termine You	r Disposable Income Under 11 U.S.C. § 13	25(b)(2)						
			ent monthly income from line 14 of Form our current Monthly Income and Calculation of			! <u>.</u>		\$	8	12,243.00
	children disability received	The monthly payments for in accordance	y necessary income you receive for suppy y average of any child support payments, fos r a dependent child, reported in Part I of Forr be with applicable nonbankruptcy law to the e anded for such child.	ster care part of the state of	ayments, or that you	\$_		0.00	_	
	employe in 11 U.S	r withheld fro S.C. § 541(b)(	tirement deductions. The monthly total of a m wages as contributions for qualified retiren 7) plus all required repayments of loans from § 362(b)(19).	nent plans	s, as specified	d \$_	,	400.00	_	
42.	Total of	all deduction	ns allowed under 11 U.S.C. § 707(b)(2)(A).	Copy line	38 here=	=> \$_	9,	608.00	_	
	expense their exp	s and you ha enses. You n	al circumstances. If special circumstances judy no reasonable alternative, describe the spenust give your case trustee a detailed explanation for the expenses.	peciál circu	umstances an	nd				
Des	cribe th	e special cir	cumstances	Am	ount of expe	ense				
	Non	-Filing Spo	use's Expenses and Debt Payments	\$	50	00.00				
				\$						
				\$						
			Total	\$	500.00	Copy	y => \$	5	00.00	
		-	hly disposable income under § 1325(b)(2)	. Subtract		\$line 39.	10,508.0	_	ppy ere=> -\$ \$	1,735.00
Part 3	: Ch	ange in Inco	me or Expenses							
	reported your bar below. F 122C-1 i	in this form haruptcy petition or example, in the first column	r expenses. If the income in Form 122C-1 or have changed or are virtually certain to change on and during the time your case will be oper if the wages reported increased after you filed umn, enter line 2 in the second column, explathe increase occurred, and fill in the amount	ge after the n, fill in the d your peti ain why the	e date you file e information tion, check e wages					
Form	n	Line	Reason for change	С	Date of change		ncrease or decrease?	A	Amount of chang	е
□ 1 □ 1 □ 1	22C-1 22C-2 22C-1 22C-2 22C-1	10	Air Force Separation Benefits will en in November 2020. Monthly amount listed on Line 10 will cease after the equivalent of 24 months' worth is received by the Debtor, leaving 36 months in which the income should excluded.	t :	10/1/2021	 	☐ Increase ☐ Decrease ☐ Increase ☐ Decrease ☐ Increase	\$ \$ e \$		00
□ 1 □ 1	22C-2 22C-1					I	☐ Decrease	\$		
∐ 1	22C-2						☐ Decrease	\$		

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Chapter 13 Calculation of Your Disposable Income

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# EXHIBIT 3

## **BERMAN LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS**

			Exhibit 3: Berman Liquidation Analysis						
Itemized below are any <i>changes</i> to the most recent	t ban	kruptcy Schedu	les A&B, attached/at docket # →→→		44				
1. Total from bankruptcy Schedule A:	\$	568,060.00	A/B.28. Tax Refunds	\$	-				
Less: Anticipated Cost of Sale	\$	(45,444.80)	A/B.29. Family Support	\$	-				
Less: Quicken Loans:	\$	. ,	A/B.30. Amounts Owed to You	\$	-				
Less: Debra Berman 50% Interest	\$	(101,527.60)	A/B.31. Insurance Policies (Cash Value)	\$	72,288.00				
			A/B.32. Inheritance Interests	\$	-	-			
	\$	-	A/B.33. Claims Against Third-Parties	\$	-				
2.Adjusted total, Schedule A property	\$	101,527.60	A/B.34. Other Claims	\$	-				
3. Total from bankruptcy Schedule B	\$	-	A/B.35. Other Financial Assets (specify):	\$	-				
A/B.3. Vehicles	\$	-	William Lloyd Developments, Inc. / Debra Berman	\$	107,690.33				
A/B.4. Watercraft	\$	-	A/B.53. Other Property of Any Kind (specify):	\$	-	sale.	uation assumes 8% costs of		
A/B.6. Household goods and furnishings	\$	2,450.00	Lawn equipment	\$	100.00	(2) "Avoidance act	on" on Lir	ne No	5 is Debtor's
A/B.7. Electronics	\$	500.00	Hand tools	\$ 200.00 share of funds contributed to gra					
A/B.8. Collectibles	\$	400.00	4.Adjusted total, Sch. B property	560,211.44	onare or range contributed to grandomiaron.				
A/B.9. Equipment for Sports/Hobbies	\$	150.00	5. Other (e.g., avoidance actions-itemize)	\$	10,870.29				
A/B.10. Firearms	\$	-	6. Total Assets (In.2+4+5)	\$	672,609.33				
A/B.11. Clothes	\$	500.00	00 7. Claims Senior to General Unsecured Claims Hypothetical chapter 7 trustee					e fees	
A/B.12. Jewelry	\$	200.00	7a. Secured claims (after bifurcation)	\$	-	\$ 672,609.33	Total disl	bursen	nents
A/B.13. Non-farm Animals	\$	-	7b. Chapter 7: trustee fees (from sidebar)	\$	14,181.54	\$ (453,978.58)	Minus ex	emptio	ons
A/B.14. Other Personal and Household Items	\$	-	7c. Chapter 7: other costs of administration	\$	-	\$ -	Minus adjustments*		
A/B.16. Cash	\$	200.00	7d. Chapter 11: unpaid professionals' fees	\$	50,000.00	\$ 218,630.75	= Net dis	burser	nents
A/B.17. Checking Account	\$	35,937.53	7e. Chapter 11: other administrative costs	\$	-	§ 32	6 calculat	tions	
A/B.18. Stocks (Publicly Traded), Bonds, Etc.	\$	-	7f. Priority claims (bankruptcy Schedule E)	\$	-	\$ 5,000.00	X 25%=	\$	1,250.00
A/B.19. Closely Held Business Interests	\$	-	7g. Debtor's exemptions (bankr. Sch.C)	\$	453,978.58	\$ 45,000.00	X 10%=	\$	4,500.00
A/B.20. Gov. and Corp. Bonds	\$	-	7h. Other/adjustments (See Notes on valuation)	\$	-	\$ 168,630.75	X 5%=	\$	8,431.54
A/B.21. Retirement Accounts	\$	309,775.58	8. Total Senior Claims (In. 7a to 7h)	\$	518,160.12	\$ -	X 3%=	\$	-
A/B.22. Security Deposits	\$	-	9. Net available for unsecured (In.6-In.8)	\$	154,449.21	\$ 218,630.75	Totals	\$	14,181.54
A/B.23. Annuities	\$	29,820.00	10a.Gen. unsecured claims from schedule F	\$	2,527,208.63	Adjustme	nt (if any)	\$	-
A/B.24. Tuition Programs, Education IRAs	\$	-	10b.Other gen. unsecured claims (if any)	\$	4,864,951.00	Tru	stee Fee	\$	14,181.54
A/B.25. Trusts	\$	-	11.Total gen. unsecured (In.10a+10b)	\$	7,392,159.63	.392,159.63 *Adjustments would include, e.g., estil			stimated
A/B.26. Patents, copyrights, other IP \$ -		12. Ch. 7 Estimated Dividend (In.9/In.11)		2.1% refunds, and non-estate funds					
A/B.27. Licenses, Franchises, Other Intang.	\$	-	13. Plan Dividend (Classes 5 and 7)	\$	160,000.00	to third parties.			

1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
2	I hereby certify that the foregoing <b>DEBTORS' AMENDED JOINT DISCLOSURE</b>
3	STATEMENT (OCTOBER 8, 2019) was served on the parties indicated as "ECF" on the attached List of Interested Parties by electronic means through the Court's Case  Management/Electronic Case File system on the date set forth below.
4	Management/Electronic Case File system on the date set forth below.
5	In addition, the parties indicated as "Non-ECF" on the attached List of Interested Parties were served by mailing a copy thereof in a sealed, first-class postage prepaid envelope, addressed to each party's last-known address and depositing in the U.S. mail at
6	Portland, Oregon on the date set forth below.
7	DATED this 8th day of October, 2019.
8	TONKON TORP LLP
9	
10	By /s/ Timothy J. Conway
11	Timothy J. Conway, OSB No. 851752 Ava L. Schoen, OSB No. 044072
12	Attorneys for B. & J. Property Investments, Inc.
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26	

Page 1 of 1 - CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

#### **CONSOLIDATED LIST OF INTERESTED PARTIES**

In re B. & J. Property Investments, Inc.

U.S. Bankruptcy Court Case No. 19-60138-pcm11

In re William J. Berman

U.S. Bankruptcy Court Case No. 19-60230-pcm11

#### **ECF PARTICIPANTS**

- TIMOTHY J CONWAY tim.conway@tonkon.com, candace.duncan@tonkon.com, spencer.fisher@tonkon.com
- NICHOLAS J HENDERSON nhenderson@portlaw.com, tsexton@portlaw.com; mperry@portlaw.com; hendersonnr86571@notify.bestcase.com
- KEITH D KARNES kkarnes@keithkarnes.com, kkarnesnotices@gmail.com; patricia@keithkarnes.com; 9982680420@filings.docketbird.com;r51870@notify.bestcase.com
- SHANNON R MARTINEZ smartinez@sglaw.com, scurtis@sglaw.com
- ERICH M PAETSCH epaetsch@sglaw.com, ktate@sglaw.com
- TERESA H PEARSON teresa.pearson@millernash.com, MNGD-2823@millernash.com
- AVA L SCHOEN ava.schoen@tonkon.com, leslie.hurd@tonkon.com
- TROY SEXTON tsexton@portlaw.com, nhenderson@portlaw.com,mperry@portlaw.com,troy-sexton-4772@ecf.pacerpro.com
- TOBIAS TINGLEAF toby@shermlaw.com, darlene@shermlaw.com
- US TRUSTEE, Eugene ÚSTPRegion18.EG.ECF@usdoj.gov

#### **NON-ECF PARTICIPANTS**

## B. & J. TOP 20 UNSECURED CREDITORS

Class Action Plaintiffs c/o Brady Mertz Brady Mertz PC 345 Lincoln St. Salem, OR 97302

Portland General Electric POB 4438 Portland, OR 97208

Judson's Plumbing POB 12669 Salem, OR 97330

City of Salem 555 Liberty St. SE, Room 230 Salem, OR 97301

Comcast Business POB 34744 Seattle, WA 98124-1744

Pacific Source POB 7068 Springfield, OR 97475-0068

Pacific Sanitation POB 17669 Salem, OR 97305

US Bank POB 6352 Fargo, ND 58125-6352

Miller Paint 390 Lancaster Dr. NE Salem, OR 97301 HotSuff Spas & Pool 1840 Lancaster Dr. NE Salem, OR 97305

NW Natural Gas POB 6017 Portland, OR 97228-6017

Chateau Locks 1820 47th Terrace East Bradenton, FL 34203-3773

Century Link Bankruptcy Dept. 600 New Century Parkway New Century, KS 66031

Walter Nelson Company 1270 Commercial St. NE Salem, OR 97301

Statesman Journal 340 Vista Ave. SE Salem, OR 97302

Pacific Screening POB 25582 Portland, OR 97298

DEX Media Dex Media Attn: Client Care 1615 Bluff City Highway Bristol, TN 37620

AllAmerican Insurance POB 758554 Topeka, KS 66675-8554

US Bank POB 6352 Fargo, ND 58125 Saalfeld Griggs PC Attn: Hunter Emerick Park Place, Suite 200 250 Church St. SE Salem, OR 97301

Susan Stoehr 24310 S Hwy 99E, Space G Canby, OR 97013

Stephen Joye Fischer, Hayes, et al. 3295 Triangle Dr SE #200 Salem, OR 97302

Nancy Wolf 2008 SE Sturdevant Rd Toledo, OR 97391

#### **BERMAN SECURED CREDITOR**

Quicken Loans Inc. 635 Woodward Ave. Detroit, MI 48226

## BERMAN TOP 20 UNSECURED CREDITORS

Class Action Plaintiffs c/o Brady Mertz Brady Mertz PC 345 Lincoln St. Salem, OR 97302

Saalfeld Griggs PC Attn: Hunter Emerick Park Place, Suite 200 250 Church St. SE Salem, OR 97301 Heather Noble 4490 Silverton Rd NE #4 Salem, OR 97305-2060